



 Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle.

OWNER'S MANUAL
MT-10 SP
MTN1000D

BW8-28199-E0 ●

 **Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle. This manual should stay with this vehicle if it is sold.**



YAMAHA MOTOR ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

1450-6, Mori, Mori-machi, Shuchi-gun, Shizuoka-ken, 437-0292 Japan

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

For



Product: IMMOBILIZER
Model: IMC-00

Supplied by

YAMAHA MOTOR ELECTRONICS
CO.,LTD.
1450-6 Mori, Mori-machi Shuchi-gun
Shizuoka 437-0292 Japan

Technical Construction File held by

YAMAHA MOTOR ELECTRONICS
CO.,LTD.
1450-6 Mori, Mori-machi Shuchi-gun
Shizuoka 437-0292 Japan

Standard used for comply

R&TTE Directive
(Article 3.1(a) Safety) EN 60950-1: 2006 + Amd.11:2009 + Amd.1:2010 +
Amd.12: 2011 + Amd.2:2013
EN 62479: 2010

R&TTE Directive
(Article 3.1(b) EMC) 97/24/EC from 17.06.1997

R&TTE Directive
(Article 3.2 Spectrum) EN 300 330-1 V1.8.1
EN 300 330-2 V1.6.1

Means of Conformity

We declare under our sole responsibility that the Product (s) is conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant requirements of the
Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment (R&TTE) Directive (1999/5/EC).

Date of issue: April 28, 2016

Signature of Responsible Person:


Hiroshi Kamiizaka
GENERAL MANAGER
QUALITY ASSURANCE DIV.

Welcome to the Yamaha world of motorcycling!

As the owner of the MTN1000D, you are benefiting from Yamaha's vast experience and newest technology regarding the design and manufacture of high-quality products, which have earned Yamaha a reputation for dependability.

Please take the time to read this manual thoroughly, so as to enjoy all advantages of your MTN1000D. The Owner's Manual does not only instruct you in how to operate, inspect and maintain your motorcycle, but also in how to safeguard yourself and others from trouble and injury.

In addition, the many tips given in this manual will help keep your motorcycle in the best possible condition. If you have any further questions, do not hesitate to contact your Yamaha dealer.

The Yamaha team wishes you many safe and pleasant rides. So, remember to put safety first!

Yamaha continually seeks advancements in product design and quality. Therefore, while this manual contains the most current product information available at the time of printing, there may be minor discrepancies between your motorcycle and this manual. If there is any question concerning this manual, please consult a Yamaha dealer.






Please read this manual carefully and completely before operating this motorcycle.

Important manual information

EAU10134

Particularly important information is distinguished in this manual by the following notations:

	This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.
	A WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	A NOTICE indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the vehicle or other property.
TIP	A TIP provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

*Product and specifications are subject to change without notice.

EAU10201

**MTN1000D
OWNER'S MANUAL
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Safety information

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1

Be a Responsible Owner

As the vehicle's owner, you are responsible for the safe and proper operation of your motorcycle.

Motorcycles are single-track vehicles. Their safe use and operation are dependent upon the use of proper riding techniques as well as the expertise of the operator. Every operator should know the following requirements before riding this motorcycle.

He or she should:

- Obtain thorough instructions from a competent source on all aspects of motorcycle operation.
- Observe the warnings and maintenance requirements in this Owner's Manual.
- Obtain qualified training in safe and proper riding techniques.
- Obtain professional technical service as indicated in this Owner's Manual and/or when made necessary by mechanical conditions.
- Never operate a motorcycle without proper training or instruction.

Take a training course. Beginners should receive training from a certified instructor. Contact an authorized motorcycle dealer to find out about the training courses nearest you.

Safe Riding

Perform the pre-operation checks each time you use the vehicle to make sure it is in safe operating condition. Failure to inspect or maintain the vehicle properly increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage. See page 5-1 for a list of pre-operation checks.

- This motorcycle is designed to carry the operator and a passenger.
- The failure of motorists to detect and recognize motorcycles in traffic is the predominating cause of automobile/motorcycle accidents. Many accidents have been caused by an automobile driver who did not see the motorcycle. Making yourself conspicuous appears to be very effective in reducing the chance of this type of accident.

Therefore:

- Wear a brightly colored jacket.

- Use extra caution when you are approaching and passing through intersections, since intersections are the most likely places for motorcycle accidents to occur.
- Ride where other motorists can see you. Avoid riding in another motorist's blind spot.
- Never maintain a motorcycle without proper knowledge. Contact an authorized motorcycle dealer to inform you on basic motorcycle maintenance. Certain maintenance can only be carried out by certified staff.
- Many accidents involve inexperienced operators. In fact, many operators who have been involved in accidents do not even have a current motorcycle license.
- Make sure that you are qualified and that you only lend your motorcycle to other qualified operators.
- Know your skills and limits. Staying within your limits may help you to avoid an accident.
- We recommend that you prac-

tice riding your motorcycle where there is no traffic until you have become thoroughly familiar with the motorcycle and all of its controls.

- Many accidents have been caused by error of the motorcycle operator. A typical error made by the operator is veering wide on a turn due to excessive speed or undercornering (insufficient lean angle for the speed).
- Always obey the speed limit and never travel faster than warranted by road and traffic conditions.
- Always signal before turning or changing lanes. Make sure that other motorists can see you.
- The posture of the operator and passenger is important for proper control.
 - The operator should keep both hands on the handlebar and both feet on the operator footrests during operation to maintain control of the motorcycle.
 - The passenger should always hold onto the operator, the seat strap or grab bar, if equipped,

with both hands and keep both feet on the passenger footrests. Never carry a passenger unless he or she can firmly place both feet on the passenger footrests.

- Never ride under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.
- This motorcycle is designed for on-road use only. It is not suitable for off-road use.

Protective Apparel

The majority of fatalities from motorcycle accidents are the result of head injuries. The use of a safety helmet is the single most critical factor in the prevention or reduction of head injuries.

- Always wear an approved helmet.
- Wear a face shield or goggles. Wind in your unprotected eyes could contribute to an impairment of vision that could delay seeing a hazard.
- The use of a jacket, heavy boots, trousers, gloves, etc., is effective in preventing or reducing abrasions or lacerations.
- Never wear loose-fitting clothes, otherwise they could catch on the

control levers, footrests, or wheels and cause injury or an accident.

- Always wear protective clothing that covers your legs, ankles, and feet. The engine or exhaust system become very hot during or after operation and can cause burns.
- A passenger should also observe the above precautions.

Avoid Carbon Monoxide Poisoning

All engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, a deadly gas. Breathing carbon monoxide can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, confusion, and eventually death.

Carbon Monoxide is a colorless, odorless, tasteless gas which may be present even if you do not see or smell any engine exhaust. Deadly levels of carbon monoxide can collect rapidly and you can quickly be overcome and unable to save yourself. Also, deadly levels of carbon monoxide can linger for hours or days in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas. If you experience any symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning, leave the area immediately, get fresh air, and SEEK MEDICAL TREAT-

Safety information

1

MENT.

- Do not run engine indoors. Even if you try to ventilate engine exhaust with fans or open windows and doors, carbon monoxide can rapidly reach dangerous levels.
- Do not run engine in poorly ventilated or partially enclosed areas such as barns, garages, or carports.
- Do not run engine outdoors where engine exhaust can be drawn into a building through openings such as windows and doors.

Loading

Adding accessories or cargo to your motorcycle can adversely affect stability and handling if the weight distribution of the motorcycle is changed. To avoid the possibility of an accident, use extreme caution when adding cargo or accessories to your motorcycle. Use extra care when riding a motorcycle that has added cargo or accessories. Here, along with the information about accessories below, are some general guidelines to follow if loading cargo to your motorcycle:

The total weight of the operator, passenger, accessories and cargo must not exceed the maximum load limit.

Operation of an overloaded vehicle could cause an accident.

Maximum load: 170 kg (375 lb)

When loading within this weight limit, keep the following in mind:

- Cargo and accessory weight should be kept as low and close to the motorcycle as possible. Securely pack your heaviest items as close to the center of the vehicle as possible and make sure to distribute the weight as evenly as possible on both sides of the motorcycle to minimize imbalance or instability.
- Shifting weights can create a sudden imbalance. Make sure that accessories and cargo are securely attached to the motorcycle before riding. Check accessory mounts and cargo restraints frequently.
 - Properly adjust the suspension for your load (suspension-ad-

justable models only), and check the condition and pressure of your tires.

- Never attach any large or heavy items to the handlebar, front fork, or front fender. These items, including such cargo as sleeping bags, duffel bags, or tents, can create unstable handling or a slow steering response.
- **This vehicle is not designed to pull a trailer or to be attached to a sidecar.**

Genuine Yamaha Accessories

Choosing accessories for your vehicle is an important decision. Genuine Yamaha accessories, which are available only from a Yamaha dealer, have been designed, tested, and approved by Yamaha for use on your vehicle.

Many companies with no connection to Yamaha manufacture parts and accessories or offer other modifications for Yamaha vehicles. Yamaha is not in a position to test the products that these aftermarket companies produce. Therefore, Yamaha can neither en-

dorse nor recommend the use of accessories not sold by Yamaha or modifications not specifically recommended by Yamaha, even if sold and installed by a Yamaha dealer.

Aftermarket Parts, Accessories, and Modifications

While you may find aftermarket products similar in design and quality to genuine Yamaha accessories, recognize that some aftermarket accessories or modifications are not suitable because of potential safety hazards to you or others. Installing aftermarket products or having other modifications performed to your vehicle that change any of the vehicle's design or operation characteristics can put you and others at greater risk of serious injury or death. You are responsible for injuries related to changes in the vehicle.

Keep the following guidelines in mind, as well as those provided under "Loading" when mounting accessories.

- Never install accessories or carry cargo that would impair the performance of your motorcycle. Carefully inspect the accessory before

using it to make sure that it does not in any way reduce ground clearance or cornering clearance, limit suspension travel, steering travel or control operation, or obscure lights or reflectors.

- Accessories fitted to the handlebar or the front fork area can create instability due to improper weight distribution or aerodynamic changes. If accessories are added to the handlebar or front fork area, they must be as lightweight as possible and should be kept to a minimum.
- Bulky or large accessories may seriously affect the stability of the motorcycle due to aerodynamic effects. Wind may attempt to lift the motorcycle, or the motorcycle may become unstable in cross winds. These accessories may also cause instability when passing or being passed by large vehicles.
- Certain accessories can displace the operator from his or her normal riding position. This improper position limits the free-

dom of movement of the operator and may limit control ability, therefore, such accessories are not recommended.

- Use caution when adding electrical accessories. If electrical accessories exceed the capacity of the motorcycle's electrical system, an electric failure could result, which could cause a dangerous loss of lights or engine power.

Aftermarket Tires and Rims

The tires and rims that came with your motorcycle were designed to match the performance capabilities and to provide the best combination of handling, braking, and comfort. Other tires, rims, sizes, and combinations may not be appropriate. Refer to page 7-18 for tire specifications and more information on replacing your tires.

Transporting the Motorcycle

Be sure to observe following instructions before transporting the motorcycle in another vehicle.

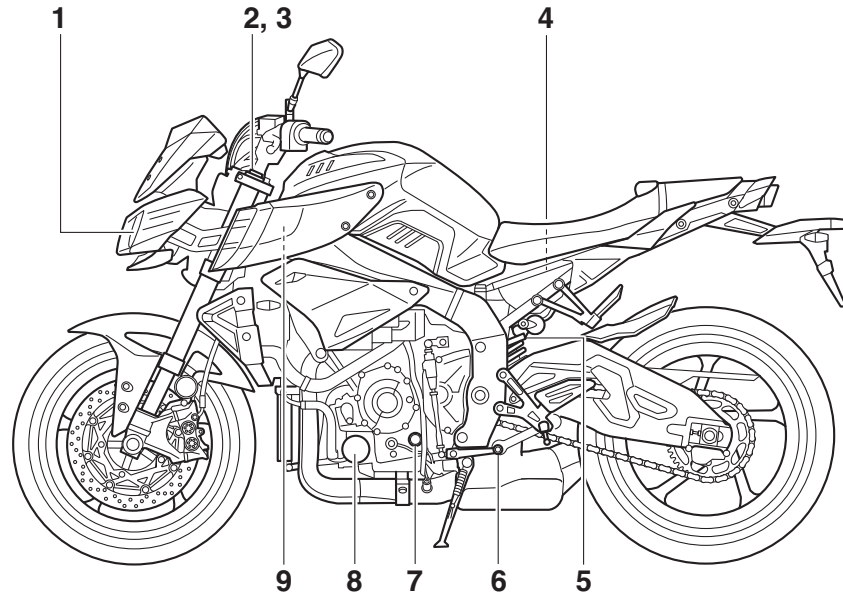
- Remove all loose items from the motorcycle.

Safety information

1

- Check that the fuel cock (if equipped) is in the “OFF” position and that there are no fuel leaks.
- Point the front wheel straight ahead on the trailer or in the truck bed, and choke it in a rail to prevent movement.
- Shift the transmission in gear (for models with a manual transmission).
- Secure the motorcycle with tie-downs or suitable straps that are attached to solid parts of the motorcycle, such as the frame or upper front fork triple clamp (and not, for example, to rubber-mounted handlebars or turn signals, or parts that could break). Choose the location for the straps carefully so the straps will not rub against painted surfaces during transport.
- The suspension should be compressed somewhat by the tie-downs, if possible, so that the motorcycle will not bounce excessively during transport.

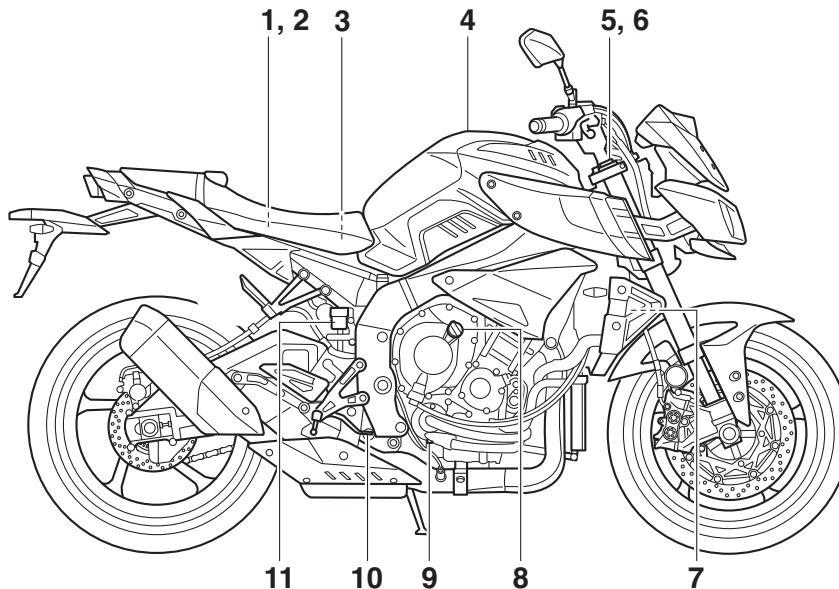
Left view



1. Headlight (page 7-35)
2. ERS coupler (page 4-33)
3. Spring preload adjusting bolt (page 4-33)
4. Battery (page 7-30)
5. Spring preload adjusting ring (page 4-34)
6. Shift pedal (page 4-27)
7. Engine oil level check window (page 7-10)
8. Engine oil filter cartridge (page 7-10)
9. Fuse box (page 7-32)

Right view

2

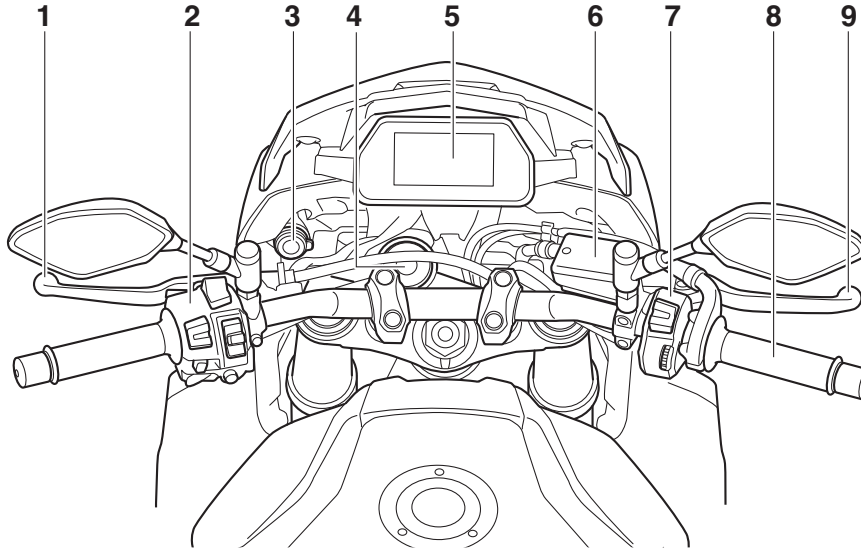


1. Main fuse (page 7-32)
2. ABS motor fuse (page 7-32)
3. Owner's tool kit (page 7-2)

4. Fuel tank cap (page 4-29)
5. ERS coupler (page 4-33)
6. Spring preload adjusting bolt (page 4-33)
7. Coolant reservoir (page 7-13)
8. Engine oil filler cap (page 7-10)

9. Coolant drain bolt (page 7-14)
10. Brake pedal (page 4-28)
11. Rear brake fluid reservoir (page 7-23)

Controls and instruments



1. Clutch lever (page 4-27)
2. Left handlebar switches (page 4-3)
3. Auxiliary DC jack (page 4-36)
4. Main switch/steering lock (page 4-2)
5. Instrument panel (page 4-5, 4-8)
6. Front brake fluid reservoir (page 7-23)
7. Right handlebar switches (page 4-3)
8. Throttle grip (page 7-17)

9. Brake lever (page 4-27)

Special features

3

YRC (Yamaha Ride Control)

EAU78262

Yamaha Ride Control is a system that incorporates numerous sensors and controls to support an improved riding experience. The functions listed below represent individual YRC items which can be turned on/off or adjusted to suit various riders and riding conditions. For setting details see MENU screen on page 4-13.

WARNING

EWA18910

The Yamaha Ride Control (YRC) system is not a substitute for the use of proper riding techniques or the expertise of the operator. This system cannot prevent loss of control caused by rider errors such as traveling faster than warranted by road and traffic conditions, including loss of traction due to excessive speed when entering turns, when accelerating hard at a sharp lean angle, or while braking, and it cannot prevent front wheel slipping. As with any motorcycle, always ride within in your limits, be aware of surrounding conditions, and ride appropriately

for those conditions. Become thoroughly familiar with the way the motorcycle handles with various YRC settings before attempting more advanced maneuvers.

PWR

The power delivery mode system consists of three different control maps which regulate throttle valve opening in relation to the degree of throttle grip operation, thus providing you with a selection of modes to fit your preferences and the riding environment.

TCS

The traction control system helps maintain traction when accelerating. If sensors detect that the rear wheel is starting to slip (uncontrolled spinning), the traction control system assists by regulating engine power as needed until traction is restored. The traction control system indicator light flashes to let the rider know that traction control has engaged.

EWA15432

WARNING

The traction control system is not a substitute for riding appropriately for the conditions. Traction control cannot prevent loss of traction due to excessive speed when entering turns, when accelerating hard at a sharp lean angle, or while braking, and cannot prevent front wheel slipping. As with any motorcycle, approach surfaces that may be slippery with caution and avoid especially slippery surfaces.

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
NOTICE

Use only the specified tires. (See page 7-18.) Using different sized tires will prevent the traction control system from controlling tire rotation accurately.

TIP

Turn the traction control system off to help free the rear wheel if the motorcycle gets stuck in mud, sand, or other soft surfaces.


In certain conditions, the traction con-

trol system may be automatically disabled. Should this happen, both the “TCS” indicator light and the “” warning light will come on.

Resetting the traction control system

The traction control system will automatically disable when:

- the front wheel or rear wheel comes off the ground while riding.
- excessive rear wheel spin is detected while riding.
- either wheel is rotated with the key turned to “ON” (such as when performing maintenance).


If the traction control system is disabled, both the “TCS” indicator light and the “” warning light will come on.

Should this occur, try resetting the system as follows.

1. Stop the vehicle and turn the key to “OFF”.
2. Wait a few seconds and then turn the key back to “ON”.
3. The “TCS” indicator light should turn off and the system be enabled.

TIP

If the “TCS” indicator light remains on after resetting, the vehicle may still be ridden; however, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle as soon as possible.

4. Have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle and turn off the “” warning light.

QSS

The quick shift system allows for full-throttle, clutch lever-less, electronically-assisted upshifts. When the switch positioned on the shift lever rod detects motion in the shift lever, engine power output is adjusted and drive torque is momentarily cancelled out to allow for the gear change to occur.

TIP

- QSS operates when traveling at least 20 km/h (12 mi/h) with an engine speed of 2000 r/min or higher and only when accelerating.
- QSS does not operate when the clutch lever is pulled.

ERS

The Electronic Racing Suspension by Öhlins features electrically-controlled suspension damping. The system is controlled by the SCU which makes independent adjustments of both the front and rear suspension’s compression stroke and rebound stroke damping forces. There are two modes, automatic and manual. Automatic mode is an active suspension control system which actively adjusts suspension damping forces based on running conditions. Manual mode is a finely-tunable traditional suspension set-up.

Special features

3

Glossary

- ABS - Anti-lock Brake System
- ABS ECU - Anti-lock Brake System Electronic Control Unit
- ECU - Engine Control Unit
- ERS - Electronic Racing Suspension
- PWR - Power delivery mode
- QS - Quick Shift
- QSS - Quick Shift System
- SCU - Suspension Control Unit
- TCS - Traction Control System
- YRC - Yamaha Ride Control

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EAU74041

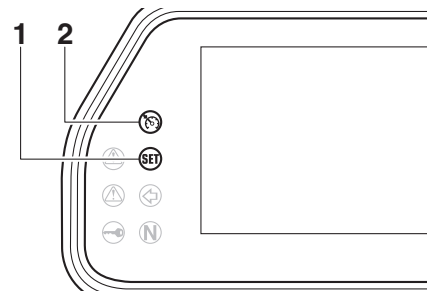

Cruise control system

This model is equipped with a cruise control system designed to maintain a set cruising speed.

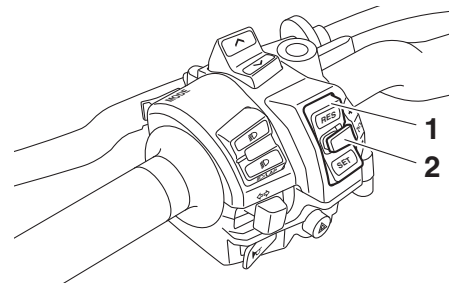

The cruise control system operates only when riding in 4th, 5th or 6th gear at speeds between about 50 km/h (31 mi/h) and 180 km/h (112 mi/h).

EWA16341


WARNING

- **Improper use of the cruise control system may result in loss of control, which could lead to an accident. Do not activate the cruise control system in heavy traffic, poor weather conditions, or among winding, slippery, hilly, rough or gravel roads.**
- **When traveling uphill or downhill, the cruise control system may not be able to maintain the set cruising speed.**
- **To prevent accidentally activating the cruise control system, turn it off when not in use. Make sure that the cruise control system indicator light “

A line drawing of the instrument cluster. Two callout lines, labeled '1' and '2', point to specific indicator lights. Line 1 points to a light with the word 'SET' inside a circle. Line 2 points to a light with a speedometer icon inside a circle.**


1. Cruise control setting indicator light “SET”
2. Cruise control system indicator light “

A line drawing of the handlebar controls. Two callout lines, labeled '1' and '2', point to specific switches. Line 1 points to a switch with 'RES+' and 'SET-' markings. Line 2 points to a switch with a speedometer icon.

1. Cruise control setting switch “RES+/SET-”
2. Cruise control power switch “

Activating and setting the cruise control system

1. Push the cruise control power

switch “

2. Push the “SET-” side of the cruise control setting switch to activate the cruise control system. Your current traveling speed will become the set cruising speed. The cruise control setting indicator light “SET” will come on.

Adjusting the set cruising speed

While the cruise control system is operating, push the “RES+” side of the cruise control setting switch to increase the set cruising speed or the “SET-” side to decrease the set speed.

TIP

Pushing the setting switch once will change the speed in increments of approximately 2.0 km/h (1.2 mi/h). Holding the “RES+” or “SET-” side of the cruise control setting switch down will increase or decrease the speed continuously until the switch is released.

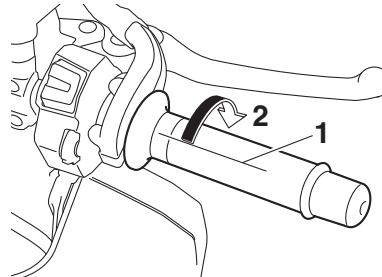
You can also manually increase your traveling speed using the throttle. After you have accelerated, you can set a

new cruising speed by pushing the “SET-” side of the setting switch. If you do not set a new cruising speed, when you return the throttle grip, the vehicle will decelerate to the previously set cruising speed.

Deactivating the cruise control system


Perform one of the following operations to cancel the set cruising speed. The “SET” indicator light will go off.

- Turn the throttle grip past the closed position in the deceleration direction.



1. Closed position
2. Cruise control cancel direction

- Apply the front or rear brake.

- Disengage the clutch. Push the power switch to turn off the cruise control system. The “

TIP

Traveling speed decreases as soon as the cruise control system is deactivated; unless the throttle grip is turned.

Using the resume function

Push the “RES+” side of the cruise control setting switch to reactivate the cruise control system. The traveling speed will return to the previously set cruising speed. The “SET” indicator light will come on.

EWA16351

WARNING

It is dangerous to use the resume function when the previously set cruising speed is too high for current conditions.

TIP


Pushing the power switch while the system is operating will turn the system off completely and erase the previously


Special features

set cruising speed. You will not be able to use the resume function until a new cruising speed has been set.



Automatic deactivation of the cruise control system

The cruise control system for this model is electronically controlled and is linked with the other control systems. The cruise control system will automatically become deactivated under the following conditions:

- The cruise control system is not able to maintain the set cruising speed.
- Wheel slip or wheel spin is detected. (If the traction control system has not been turned off, the traction control system will work.)
- The start/engine stop switch is set to the “” position.
- The engine stalls.
- The sidestand is lowered.

When traveling with a set cruising speed, if the cruise control system is deactivated under the above conditions, the “” indicator light will go off and the “SET” indicator light will flash

for 4 seconds, and then go off.

When not traveling with a set cruising speed, if the start/engine stop switch is set to the “” position, the engine stalls, or the sidestand is lowered, then the “” indicator light will go off (the “SET” indicator light will not flash).

If the cruise control system is automatically deactivated, please stop and confirm that your vehicle is in good operating condition.

Before using the cruise control system again, activate it using the power switch.

TIP

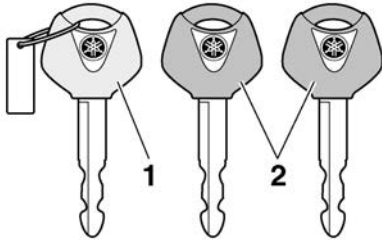
In some cases, the cruise control system may not be able to maintain the set cruising speed when the vehicle is traveling uphill or downhill.

- When the vehicle is traveling uphill, the actual traveling speed may become lower than the set cruising speed. If this occurs, accelerate to the desired traveling speed using the throttle.
- When the vehicle is traveling downhill, the actual traveling speed may become higher than

the set cruising speed. If this occurs, the setting switch cannot be used to adjust the set cruising speed. To reduce the traveling speed, apply the brakes. When the brakes are applied, the cruise control system will become deactivated.

Immobilizer system

EAU10978



1. Code re-registering key (red bow)
2. Standard keys (black bow)

This vehicle is equipped with an immobilizer system to help prevent theft by re-registering codes in the standard keys. This system consists of the following:

- a code re-registering key (with a red bow)
- two standard keys (with a black bow) that can be re-registered with new codes
- a transponder (which is installed in the code re-registering key)
- an immobilizer unit
- an ECU
- an immobilizer system indicator

light (See page 4-7.)

The key with the red bow is used to register codes in each standard key. Since re-registering is a difficult process, take the vehicle along with all three keys to a Yamaha dealer to have them re-registered. Do not use the key with the red bow for driving. It should only be used for re-registering the standard keys. Always use a standard key for driving.

ECA11822

NOTICE

- **DO NOT LOSE THE CODE RE-REGISTERING KEY! CONTACT YOUR DEALER IMMEDIATELY IF IT IS LOST! If the code re-registering key is lost, registering new codes in the standard keys is impossible. The standard keys can still be used to start the vehicle, however if code re-registering is required (i.e., if a new standard key is made or all keys are lost) the entire immobilizer system must be replaced. Therefore, it is highly recommended to use either standard key and keep the code re-registering key in a safe**

place.

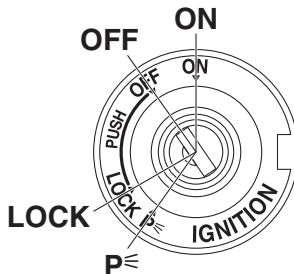
- Do not submerge any key in water.
- Do not expose any key to excessively high temperatures.
- Do not place any key close to magnets (this includes, but not limited to, products such as speakers, etc.).
- Do not place items that transmit electrical signals close to any key.
- Do not place heavy items on any key.
- Do not grind any key or alter its shape.
- Do not disassemble the plastic part of any key.
- Do not put two keys of any immobilizer system on the same key ring.
- Keep the standard keys as well as keys of other immobilizer systems away from this vehicle's code re-registering key.
- Keep other immobilizer system keys away from the main switch as they may cause signal inter-

Instrument and control functions

ference.

Main switch/steering lock

EAU10474



The main switch/steering lock controls the ignition and lighting systems, and is used to lock the steering. The various positions are described below.

TIP

Be sure to use the standard key (black bow) for regular use of the vehicle. To minimize the risk of losing the code re-registering key (red bow), keep it in a safe place and only use it for code re-registering.

EAU74110

ON

All electrical circuits are supplied with power, the meter lighting, taillight, li-

cense plate light and auxiliary light come on, and the engine can be started. The key cannot be removed.

TIP

The headlights come on automatically when the engine is started and stay on until the key is turned to "OFF", even if the engine stalls.

EAU10662

OFF

All electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

EWA10062

WARNING

Never turn the key to "OFF" or "LOCK" while the vehicle is moving. Otherwise the electrical systems will be switched off, which may result in loss of control or an accident.

EAU1068B

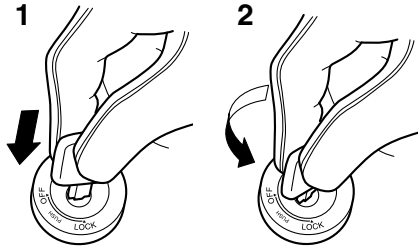
LOCK

The steering is locked and all electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

Instrument and control functions

EAU66054

To lock the steering

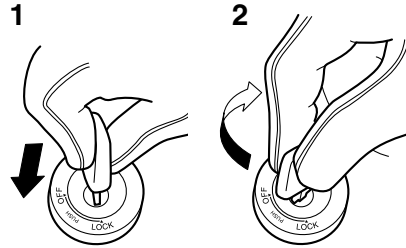


1. Push.
2. Turn.

1. Turn the handlebars all the way to the left.
2. With the key in the “OFF” position, push the key in and turn it to “LOCK”.
3. Remove the key.

TIP
If the steering will not lock, try turning the handlebars back to the right slightly.

To unlock the steering



1. Push.
2. Turn.

From the “LOCK” position, push the key in and turn it to “OFF”.

EAU74220

p (Parking)

The hazard lights can be turned on, but all other electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

The steering must be locked before the key can be turned to “p”.

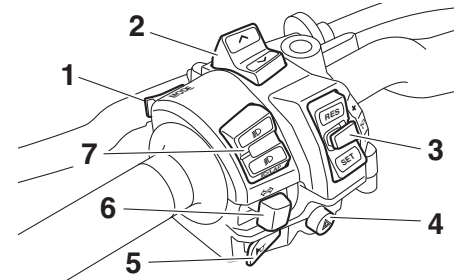
ECA23640

NOTICE

Using the “p” (parking) position for an extended length of time may cause the battery to discharge.

Handlebar switches

Left

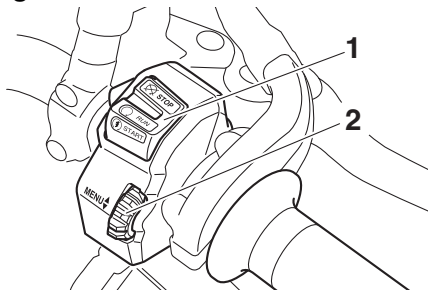


1. Mode switch “MODE”
2. Select switch “^/∨”
3. Cruise control switches
4. Hazard switch “△”
5. Horn switch “🔊”
6. Turn signal switch “←/→”
7. Headlight switch “☐/☐” and “☐/☐/☐/☐”

4

Instrument and control functions

Right



1. Stop/Run/Start switch “/○/⊗”
2. Wheel switch “MENU ”

EAU78400

Headlight and Pass/LAP switch “/⊗” and “/LAP”

Set this switch to “” for the high beam and to “” for the low beam. While the headlights are set to low beam, push the switch downward (towards /LAP) to flash the headlights and to mark the start of each lap when using the lap timer.

EAU66040

Turn signal switch “/◁”

To signal a right-hand turn, push this switch to “”. To signal a left-hand turn, push this switch to “”. When re-

leased, the switch returns to the center position. To cancel the turn signal lights, push the switch in after it has returned to the center position.

EAU66030

Horn switch “”

Press this switch to sound the horn.

EAU66060

Stop/Run/Start switch “/○/⊗”

To crank the engine with the starter, set this switch to “○”, and then push the switch down towards “⊗”. See page 6-1 for starting instructions prior to starting the engine.

Set this switch to “” to stop the engine in case of an emergency, such as when the vehicle overturns or when the throttle cable is stuck.

EAU66010

Hazard switch “”

With the key in the “ON” or “” position, use this switch to turn on the hazard lights (simultaneous flashing of all turn signal lights).

The hazard lights are used in case of an emergency or to warn other drivers when your vehicle is stopped where it

might be a traffic hazard.

ECA10062

NOTICE

Do not use the hazard lights for an extended length of time with the engine not running, otherwise the battery may discharge.

EAU73951

Cruise control switches

See page 3-3 for an explanation of the cruise control system.

EAU78391

Select switch “/▽”

This switch is used to change YRC modes or edit the PWR, TCS, and ERS settings. (See page 4-11.)

EAU78382

Mode switch “MODE”

Use the mode switch to change YRC modes or edit the PWR, TCS, and ERS settings from the main screen. Push this switch to scroll left to right among the MODE, PWR, TCS, and ERS items.

TIP

- The traction control system can

only be turned off from the main screen. Select TCS, and then push and hold the select switch “ \wedge ” until TCS OFF is displayed. To turn the traction control system back on, push the select switch “ \vee ”.

- When TCS has been turned off, the traction control system is also turned off for all YRC modes.
- See “YRC Setting” on page 4-14 for more information on how to customize YRC modes and adjust YRC item setting levels.

EAU66100

Wheel switch “ MENU ”

When the main screen is set to STREET MODE, use the wheel switch to scroll and reset the information display items.

When the main screen is set to TRACK MODE, use the wheel switch to scroll and reset the information display items and to activate the lap timer.

When the display has been changed to the MENU screen, use the wheel switch to navigate the setting modules and make setting changes.

Operate the wheel switch as follows.

Rotate up - rotate the wheel upward to scroll up/left or increase a setting value.

Rotate down - rotate the wheel downward to scroll down/right or decrease a setting value.

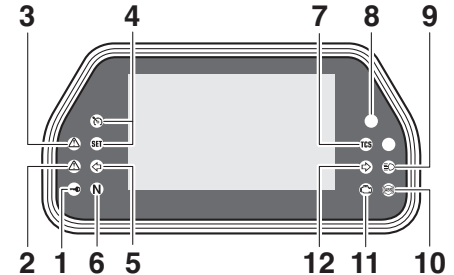
Short push - briefly press the switch inward to make and confirm selections.

Long push - press the switch inward for one second to reset an information display item or to access and exit the MENU screen.

TIP

- See page 4-8 for more information on the main screen and its functions.
- See page 4-13 for more information on the MENU screen and how to make setting changes.

Indicator lights and warning lights



1. Immobilizer system indicator light “ \rightarrow ”
2. Steering damper and suspension warning light “ Δ ”
3. Oil pressure and coolant temperature warning light “ Δ ”
4. Cruise control indicator lights “ C ”/“SET”
5. Left turn signal indicator light “ \leftarrow ”
6. Neutral indicator light “**N**”
7. Traction control system indicator light “TCS”
8. Shift timing indicator light
9. High beam indicator light “ \equiv ”
10. Anti-lock Brake System (ABS) warning light “ ABS ”
11. Engine trouble warning light “ E ”
12. Right turn signal indicator light “ \rightarrow ”

Instrument and control functions

Turn signal indicator lights “” and “”

EAU11032

Each indicator light will flash when its corresponding turn signal lights are flashing.

Neutral indicator light “N”

EAU11061

This indicator light comes on when the transmission is in the neutral position.

High beam indicator light “”

EAU11081

This indicator light comes on when the high beam of the headlight is switched on.

Cruise control indicator lights “”/ “SET”

EAU74072

These indicator lights come on when the cruise control system is activated. (See page 3-3.)

TIP

When the vehicle is turned on, these lights should come on for a few seconds and then go off. If the lights do not come on, have a Yamaha dealer check

vehicle.

Engine trouble warning light “”

EAU79310

This warning light comes on if a problem is detected in the engine. If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the on-board diagnostic system.

The electrical circuit of the warning light can be checked by turning the vehicle power on. The warning light should come on for a few seconds, and then go off.

If the warning light does not come on at all, or if the warning light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

ABS warning light “”

EAU69891

In normal operation, this warning light comes on when the key is turned to “ON”, and goes off after traveling at a speed of 10 km/h (6 mi/h) or higher.

If the ABS warning light:

- does not come on when the key is turned to “ON”
- comes on or flashes while riding
- does not go off after traveling at a

speed of 10 km/h (6 mi/h) or higher. The ABS may not work correctly. If any of the above occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the system as soon as possible. (See page 4-28 for an explanation of the ABS.)

EWA16041

WARNING

If the ABS warning light does not go off after traveling at a speed of 10 km/h (6 mi/h) or higher, or if the warning light comes on or flashes while riding, the brake system reverts to conventional braking. If either of the above occurs, or if the warning light does not come on at all, use extra caution to avoid possible wheel lock during emergency braking. Have a Yamaha dealer check the brake system and electrical circuits as soon as possible.

EAU74081

Traction control system indicator light “TCS”

This indicator light will flash when traction control has engaged.

If the traction control system is turned off, this indicator light will come on.

TIP _____
When the vehicle is turned on, the light should come on for a few seconds and then go off. If the light does not come on, or if the light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check vehicle.

EAU67431

Shift timing indicator light

This indicator light can be set to come on and go off at the desired engine speeds and is used to inform the rider when it is time to shift to the next higher gear. (See page 4-20.)

The electrical circuit of the indicator light can be checked by turning the key to ON. The indicator light should come on for a few seconds, and then go off.

If the indicator light does not come on initially when the key is turned to ON, or if the indicator light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

EAU73120

Immobilizer system indicator light

“”

When the key is turned to “OFF” and 30 seconds have passed, the indicator

light will flash steadily to indicate the immobilizer system is enabled. After 24 hours have passed, the indicator light will stop flashing, however the immobilizer system is still enabled.

The electrical circuit of the indicator light can be checked by turning the key to “ON”. The indicator light should come on for a few seconds, and then go off.

If the indicator light does not come on initially when the key is turned to “ON”, if the indicator light remains on, or if the indicator light flashes in a pattern (if a problem is detected in the immobilizer system, the immobilizer system indicator light will flash in a pattern), have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

TIP

If the immobilizer system indicator light flashes in the pattern, slowly 5 times then quickly 2 times, this could be caused by transponder interference. If this occurs, try the following.

1. Make sure there are no other immobilizer keys close to the main switch. Other immobilizer system keys may cause signal interfer-

ence and prevent the engine from starting.

2. Use the code re-registering key to start the engine.
3. If the engine starts, turn it off, and try starting the engine with the standard keys.
4. If one or both of the standard keys do not start the engine, take the vehicle and all 3 keys to a Yamaha dealer to have the standard keys re-registered.

EAU78410

Oil pressure and coolant temperature warning light “”

This warning light comes on if the engine oil pressure is low or if the coolant temperature is high. If this occurs, stop the engine immediately.

The electrical circuit of the warning light can be checked by turning the key to “ON”. The warning light should come on again after going off briefly, and then remain on until the engine is started. If the warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to “ON”, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

Instrument and control functions

ECA22441

NOTICE

If the oil pressure and coolant warning light does not go off after starting the engine or if it comes on while the engine is running, stop the vehicle and engine immediately.

- If the engine is overheating, the coolant temperature warning icon will come on. Let the engine cool. Check the coolant level (see page 7-38).
- If the engine oil pressure is low, the oil pressure warning icon will come on. Check the oil level (see page 7-10).
- If the warning light remains on after letting the engine cool and confirming the proper oil level, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle. Do not continue to operate the vehicle!

EAU78423

Steering damper and suspension warning light “ This warning light comes on if a problem is detected in the electronic suspension or steering damper.

TIP

When the vehicle is turned on, this light should come on for a few seconds and then go off. If the light does not come on, or if the light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

EAU78292

Display

The display has two different main screen display modes, STREET MODE and TRACK MODE. Most of the functions are viewable in either mode, but the layout differs slightly. The following items can be found on the display.

- Speedometer
- Tachometer
- Fuel meter
- Information display
- Transmission gear display
- YRC setting display MODE/PWR/TCS/ERS
- QS indicator
- Clock
- Revolution peak hold indicator
- Lap timer
- Fuel level warning icon
- Oil pressure warning icon
- Coolant temperature warning icon
- SCU trouble warning icon
- ECU trouble warning icon

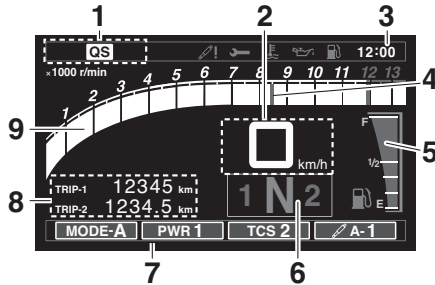
TIP

This model uses a thin-film-transistor liquid-crystal display (TFT LCD) for

Instrument and control functions

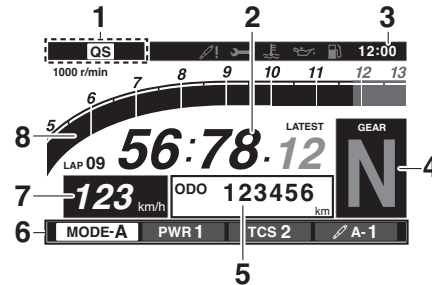
good contrast and readability in various lighting conditions. However, due to the nature of this technology, it is normal for a small number of pixels to be inactive.

STREET MODE



1. QS indicator
2. Speedometer
3. Clock
4. Revolution peak hold indicator
5. Fuel meter
6. Transmission gear display
7. YRC items MODE/PWR/TCS/ERS
8. Information display
9. Tachometer

TRACK MODE



1. QS indicator
2. Lap timer
3. Clock
4. Transmission gear display
5. Information display
6. YRC items MODE/PWR/TCS/ERS
7. Speedometer
8. Tachometer

EWA18210

WARNING

Stop the vehicle before making any setting changes. Changing settings while riding can distract the operator and increase the risk of an accident.

Speedometer

The speedometer shows the vehicle's traveling speed.

The display can be switched between kilometers and miles. (See "Unit" on page 4-19.)

Tachometer

The tachometer shows the engine speed, as measured by the rotational velocity of the crankshaft, in revolutions per minute (r/min). When the vehicle is first powered on, the tachometer will sweep across the r/min range and then return to zero.

TIP

- In TRACK MODE, the tachometer starts at 5000 r/min.
- In STREET MODE, the tachometer can be color-adjusted and has a revolution peak hold indicator which can be turned on or off.

ECA10032

NOTICE

Do not operate the engine in the tachometer red zone.

Red zone: 11800 r/min and above

Instrument and control functions

Fuel meter

The fuel meter indicates the amount of fuel in the fuel tank. The display segments of the fuel meter disappear from “F” (full) towards “E” (empty) as the fuel level decreases. When the last segment starts flashing, refuel as soon as possible.

TIP

If a problem is detected in the fuel meter electrical circuit, the fuel meter display segments will flash repeatedly. Have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

Information display

This section of the main screen is used to show additional riding related information such as air and coolant temperature readings, tripmeters, and fuel consumption statistics. The information display items can be set into four groups via the MENU screen.

The information display items are:

A.TEMP: air temperature

C.TEMP: coolant temperature

TRIP-1: tripmeter 1

TRIP-2: tripmeter 2

F-TRIP: fuel tripmeter

ODO: odometer

FUEL CON: the amount of fuel consumed

FUEL AVG: average fuel consumption

CRNT FUEL: current fuel consumption

TIP

- ODO will lock at 999999 km.
 - TRIP-1 and TRIP-2 will reset and continue counting after 9999.9 km has been reached.
 - When the fuel tank reserve level has been reached, F-TRIP appears automatically and begins recording distance traveled from that point.
 - After refueling and traveling some distance, F-TRIP will automatically disappear.
 - See “Unit” on page 4-19 to change the fuel consumption units.
 - In TRACK MODE, information display items FASTEST (fastest lap time) and AVERAGE (average lap time) are also available.
-

TRIP-1, TRIP-2, F-TRIP, FUEL CON, and FUEL AVE items can be individual-

ly reset.

To reset information display items

1. Use the wheel switch to scroll through the display items until the item you want to reset appears.
2. Short push the wheel switch and the item will flash for five seconds. (For STREET MODE, if both items are resettable items, the top item will flash first. Scroll down to select the bottom item.)
3. While the item is flashing, press and hold the wheel switch for one second.

Transmission gear display

This shows which gear the transmission is in. This model has 6 gears and a neutral position. The neutral position is indicated by the neutral indicator light “N” and by the transmission gear display “N”.

Revolution peak hold indicator

This small bar momentarily appears within the tachometer to mark the most recent peak r/min speed of the engine.

YRC items MODE/PWR/TCS/ERS

The current MODE (YRC mode) and its related PWR, TCS and ERS settings are shown here.

The individual settings for YRC items PWR, TCS, QSS can be organized into four groups and set independently for each group. These groups of settings are the YRC modes MODE-A, MODE-B, MODE-C, and MODE-D. Use the mode switch to change YRC modes or make YRC item setting changes from the main screen.

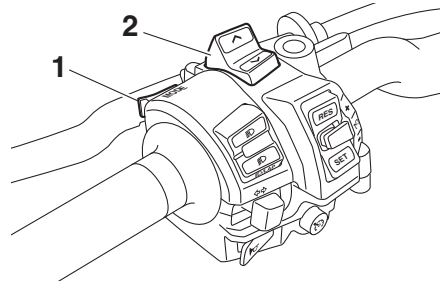
TIP

The YRC modes come preset from the factory for different riding conditions.

- MODE-A is the sportiest setting.
- MODE-B is the standard setting.
- MODE-C is the touring setting.
- MODE-D is the rainy weather setting.

To change YRC modes or make setting changes

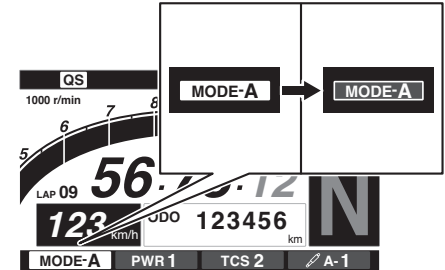
1. Push the “MODE” switch to highlight the item you want to adjust.



1. Mode switch “MODE”
 2. Select switch “ \wedge / \vee ”
2. Use the select switch “ \wedge ” or “ \vee ” to change the selected item value (vertical scrolling is not possible).

TIP

- Under certain conditions, such as when the vehicle is in motion, the throttle grip is turned, excessive wheel slip is detected, etc., certain YRC items cannot be adjusted.
- When a YRC item is highlighted but cannot be adjusted, the YRC item box will return to black.

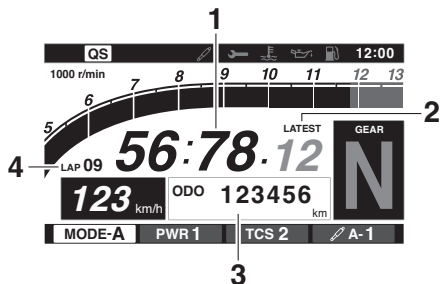


To turn off the traction control system, select TCS with the “MODE” switch and then push and hold the select switch “ \wedge ” until TCS OFF is displayed. To turn TCS back on, select TCS OFF and then press the select switch “ \vee ” (TCS will return to its previous setting).

Lap timer

This stopwatch function measures and records up to forty laps. On the main screen, the lap timer shows the current lap time and lap number (indicated by the LAP mark). Use the \equiv /LAP switch to mark lap times. When a lap is completed, the lap timer will show the latest lap time (marked by the LATEST indicator) for five seconds.

Instrument and control functions



1. Lap time
2. Latest lap time indicator "LATEST"
3. Information display item
4. Lap number

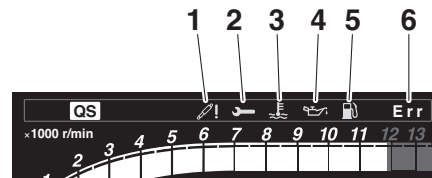
To use the lap timer

1. Short push the wheel switch. The information display item will flash for five seconds.
2. While the information display item is flashing, rotate the wheel switch upward. The lap timer will flash for five seconds.
3. While the lap timer is flashing, long push the wheel switch to activate the lap timer or stop the lap timer.
4. When the lap timer has been activated, press the \equiv /LAP switch to start the lap timer.

TIP

- The engine must be running to use the lap timer.
- Set the information display to FASTEST or AVERAGE for additional lap time information.
- Accessing the MENU screen will automatically stop the lap timer.
- Whenever the lap timer is stopped, the current lap will not be recorded.
- The lap time record can be viewed and reset from the MENU screen.

Warning icons



1. SCU trouble warning "✎!"
2. Steering damper warning "↔"
3. Coolant temperature warning "⋮"
4. Oil pressure warning "⊕"
5. Fuel level warning "⛛"
6. Error mode warning "Err"

SCU trouble warning "✎!"

The suspension trouble warning icon appears if a problem is detected in the front or rear suspension.

Steering damper warning "↔"

The steering damper warning icon appears if a problem is detected in the steering damper.

Coolant temperature warning “ ”

This icon comes on if the coolant temperature reaches 117 °C or higher. Stop the vehicle and turn off the engine. Allow the engine to cool.

ECA10022

NOTICE

Do not continue to operate the engine if it is overheating.

Oil pressure warning “ ”

This icon comes on when the engine oil pressure is low. When the key is first turned to ON, engine oil pressure has yet to build, so this icon will come on and stay on until the engine has been started.

ECA21210

NOTICE

If the warning light comes on when the engine is running, stop the engine immediately and check oil level. If the oil level is below the minimum level, add sufficient oil of the recommended type to raise it up to the correct level. If the oil pressure warning light remains on even if the oil level is correct, immediately turn the en-



gine off and have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

Fuel level warning “ ”

This icon comes on when approximately 4.0 L (1.06 US gal, 0.88 Imp.gal) of fuel remains in the tank.

Error mode warning “Err”

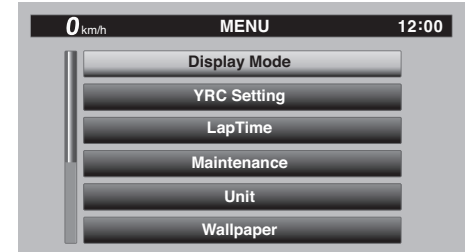
When an internal error occurs, the error mode warning will appear as follows.

“Err” and “ ” indicates an ECU error.
 “Err” and “ ” indicates an SCU error.

TIP

- Depending on the nature of the error, the display may not function properly and vehicle settings may be impossible to change.
- Have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

MENU screen



The MENU screen contains the following setting modules. Select a module to make related setting changes. Although some settings can be changed or reset via the main screen, the MENU screen offers access to all display and control settings.

Display	Description
Display Mode	Switch the main screen display between street and track modes.
YRC Setting	Adjust YRC settings and ERS settings.
Lap Time	View and reset lap times.
Maintenance	View and reset three maintenance item intervals.
Unit	Set fuel consumption units.
Wallpaper	Set background colors.

Instrument and control functions

4

Shift Indicator	Turn the shift indicator on/off and adjust tachometer settings.
Display Setting	Set the multi-function display window items.
Brightness	Adjust screen brightness.
Clock	Adjust the clock.
All Reset	Return all settings to factory default settings.

MENU access and operation

The following wheel switch operations are common operations for accessing, selecting, and moving within the MENU screen and its modules.

Long push - press and hold the wheel switch for one second to access the MENU screen or exit MENU entirely.

Select - rotate the wheel switch up or down to highlight the desired module or setting item and then short push the wheel switch (briefly press the wheel switch inward) to confirm the selection.

Triangle mark - certain setting screens have an upward pointing triangle mark item. Select the triangle mark to exit that screen and move back one screen (or long push the wheel switch to exit MENU entirely).

TIP

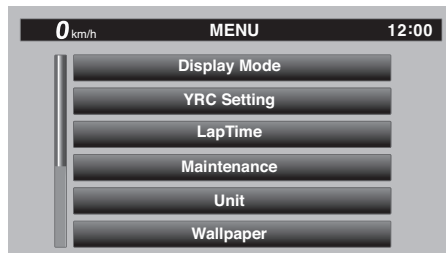
Should vehicle motion be detected, the screen will automatically exit MENU and change to the main screen.

“Display Mode”

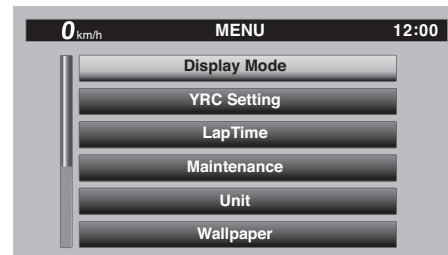
There are two main screen display modes, STREET MODE and TRACK MODE.

To set the main screen display mode

1. Long push the wheel switch to enter the MENU screen.



2. Select “Display Mode”.



3. Select STREET MODE or TRACK MODE (or select the triangle symbol to exit).



4. Long push the wheel switch to exit the MENU screen or use the wheel switch to select another module.

“YRC Setting”

This module allows you to customize

Instrument and control functions

the four YRC modes MODE-A, MODE-B, MODE-C, MODE-D by adjusting the setting levels (or on/off status as applicable) of YRC items PWR, TCS, QSS, and ERS.

TIP

- TCS has 3 setting levels and ERS has 5 modes.
- Whenever there are more selections (setting levels or modes) available than can be shown on the screen at one time, a scroll bar will appear to notify you that additional selections are available by scrolling.

PWR

Select PWR-1 for the most aggressive throttle response, PWR-2 for standard throttle grip/engine response, and use PWR-3 for rainy days or whenever less engine power is desirable.

TCS

Select TCS-1 to minimize traction control, TCS-2 for a moderate level of traction control, and use TCS-3 for rainy days or whenever maximum traction

control is desirable.

TIP

TCS can only be turned on or off via the main screen. (See mode switch on page 4-4.)

QSS

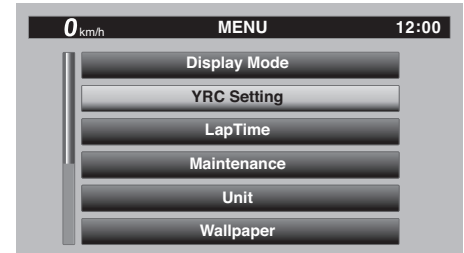
QSS can be set to ON or OFF. OFF turns the system off entirely, and the clutch lever must then be used when making upshifts.

TIP

Turning the QSS on or off does not affect any other systems nor is QSS affected by the settings of any other system.

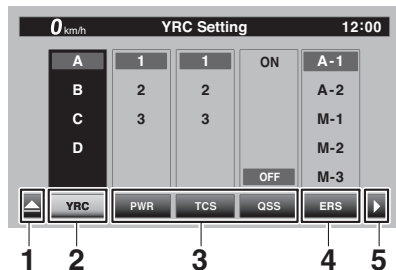
To customize a YRC mode or adjust a YRC item

1. From the MENU screen, select “YRC Setting”.



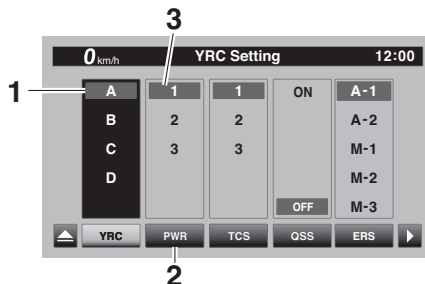
2. The “YRC Setting” screen is displayed, and the YRC mode box “YRC” is highlighted. Short push the wheel switch to enter the box and then select the YRC mode; A, B, C, D, that you want to adjust.

Instrument and control functions



1. Triangle mark
2. YRC mode box
3. YRC item
4. ERS mode
5. To ERS menu

3. Select the YRC item; PWR, TCS, QSS, or ERS that you want to adjust.



1. YRC mode
2. YRC item
3. Current level setting

TIP

- When a YRC item is selected, the current setting level is indicated by a blue-framed square and the factory preset level is indicated in a grey box.
- Factory preset levels vary depending on the selected YRC mode.

4. To customize other YRC modes or adjust individual YRC items, repeat from step 2. When finished, select the triangle mark on the far left to return to the MENU screen or select the symbol “▶” mark to fine tune the ERS mode settings.

ERS

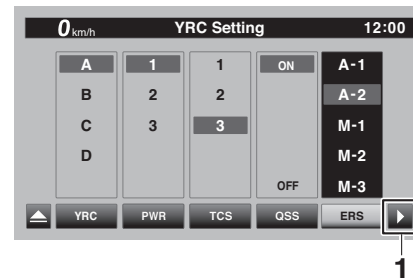
There are two automatic setting modes; A-1, and A-2. A-1 and A-2 can be adjusted to within a -5 to +5 offset of their factory preset settings.

There are three manual setting modes; M-1, M-2, and M-3. When a manual mode is selected, the SCU does not actively adjust the suspension compression and rebound damping forces. Manual mode suspension settings are adjustable to 32 levels.

TIP

Spring preload is manually adjusted. (See pages 4-33 and 4-34.)

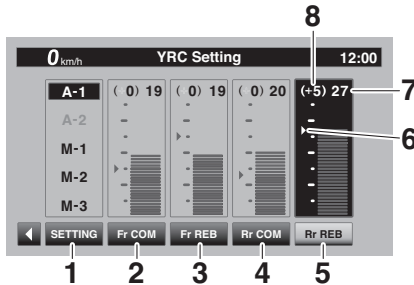
To adjust the ERS mode settings



1. To ERS menu

Instrument and control functions

1. Select the “▶” mark located to the right of ERS.
2. The display will change to the front and rear suspension setting screen and the ERS mode selection box “SETTING” is highlighted. Short push the wheel switch to enter the box and select the ERS mode A-1, A-2, M-1, M-2, M-3 that you want to adjust.



1. ERS mode selection box “SETTING”
2. Front compression damping force
3. Front rebound damping force
4. Rear compression damping force
5. Rear rebound damping force
6. Factory preset level
7. Current level setting
8. Offset level

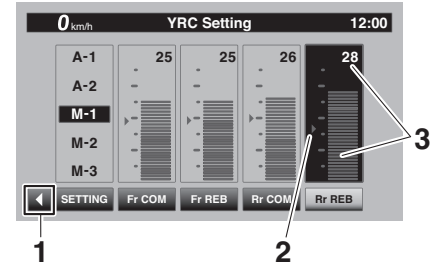
3. Select the suspension item, Fr

COM, Fr REB, Rr COM, Rr REB, that you want to adjust.

TIP

- To decrease the damping force and soften the suspension, increase the setting level.
- To increase the damping force and harden the suspension, decrease the setting level.
- For A-1 and A-2, a number indicated in () means how many levels are changed from its factory preset level.
- When a suspension setting item in A-1 or A-2 is offset, the same suspension item will be similarly offset in the other automatic mode (offset values for the same item are automatically linked).
- M-1, M-2, M-3 are not linked and can be independently set.

4. To adjust other ERS mode suspension settings, repeat from step 2. When finished, select the “◀” mark located on the left to return to the main “YRC Setting” menu.



1. To YRC Setting menu
2. Factory preset level
3. Current level setting

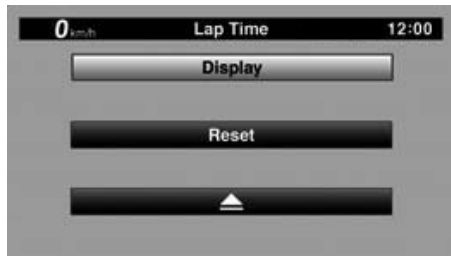
“Lap Time”

This module allows you to view and delete the lap time record. The fastest lap and the average lap time stored in the lap time record are displayed at the top of the screen. Use the wheel switch to scroll and see all lap times. The top three fastest laps will be highlighted in silver. Up to 40 laps can be stored in memory. If more than 40 laps are recorded, the oldest laps (starting from lap 1) will be overwritten.

This module has two options: “Display” allows you to view the lap time record.

Instrument and control functions

“Reset” allows you to delete the lap time record data.



4

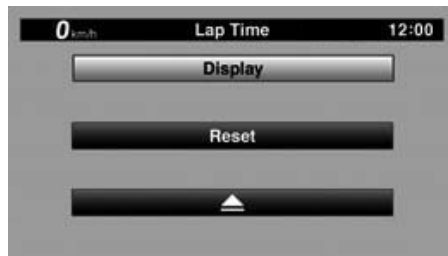
Use the wheel switch to select “Display” and view the lap record.



1. Fastest lap
2. Average lap time
3. Lap time record

To reset the lap time record data

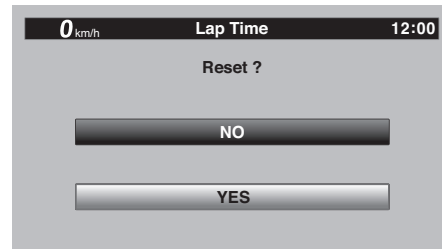
1. When “Lap Time” is selected, both “Display” and “Reset” are displayed.



2. Select “Reset”.



3. Select YES to delete all lap time data. (Select NO to exit and return to the previous screen without resetting the lap record.)



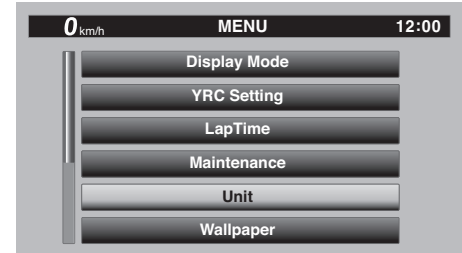
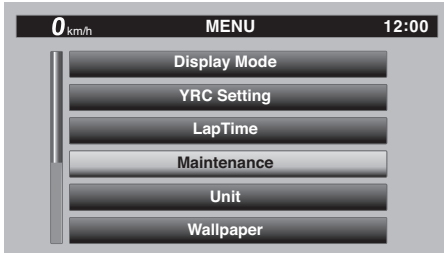
“Maintenance”

This function allows you to record distance traveled between engine oil changes (use the OIL item), and for two other items of your choice (use INTERVAL 1 and INTERVAL 2).

To reset a maintenance item

1. From the MENU screen, select “Maintenance”.

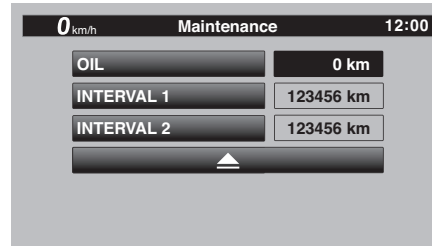
Instrument and control functions



2. Select the item you want to reset.



3. Long push the wheel switch to reset the item.



TIP

Maintenance item names cannot be changed.

“Unit”

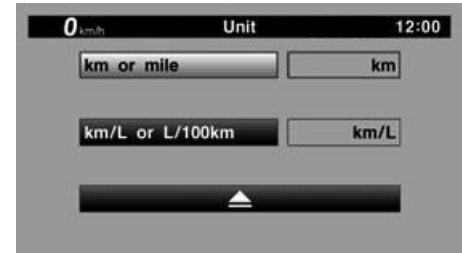
This module allows you to set the fuel consumption units, and for certain markets, the display can be switched between kilometers and miles.

When using kilometers, the fuel consumption units can be changed between km/L or L/100km. When using miles, MPG will be available.

To set the distance or fuel consumption units

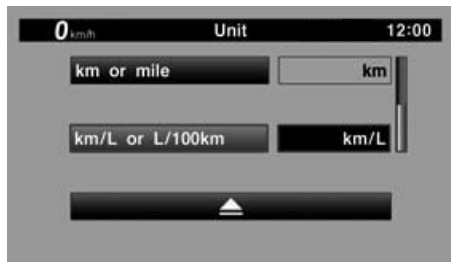
1. From the MENU screen, select “Unit”.

2. “km or mile” and “km/L or L/100km” are displayed.



3. Select the distance or consumption unit item you want to adjust.

Instrument and control functions



4

4. Select the units you want to use.
5. Select the triangle symbol to exit.

“Wallpaper”

This module allows you to individually set the STREET MODE and TRACK MODE display background colors to black or white for both day and night settings. A photo sensor equipped in the instrument panel detects lighting conditions and will automatically change the display between its day and night settings. The photo sensor also controls a subtle automatic brightness adjustment function within both day and night modes to suit ambient light conditions.



1. Photo sensor

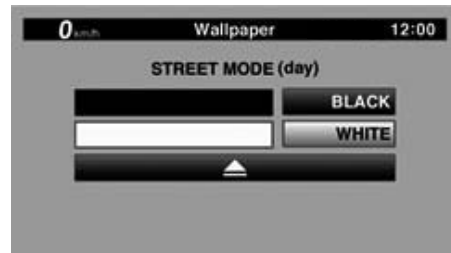
To set the wallpaper

1. From the MENU screen, select “Wallpaper”.



2. Select the mode you want to adjust (select DAY for daytime display settings or NIGHT for nighttime display settings).

3. Select the background color (select BLACK for a black background or WHITE for a white background).



4. Select the triangle symbol to exit.
5. To set another background color, repeat from step 2 or select the triangle symbol to exit this module.



“Shift indicator”

The shift indicator module contains the

Instrument and control functions

following items.

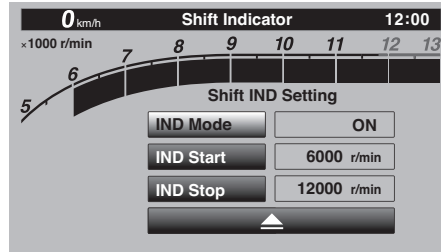
Display	Description
Shift IND Setting	Set the shift indicator pattern to “ON”, “Flash”, or “OFF” and adjust at what r/min the indicator will come on and go off.
Shift IND Brightness	Adjust the brightness of the shift indicator.
Tach IND Setting	Set the tachometer color display to “ON” or “OFF” and adjust at what r/min the tachometer will be green and orange.
Peak Rev IND Setting	Set the tachometer revolution peak hold indicator to “ON” or “OFF”.

To make setting changes

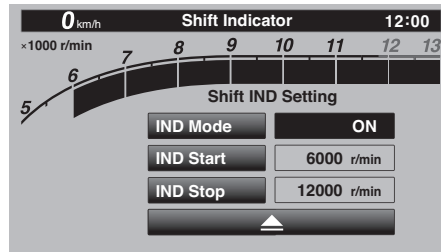
1. Select “Shift IND Setting”.



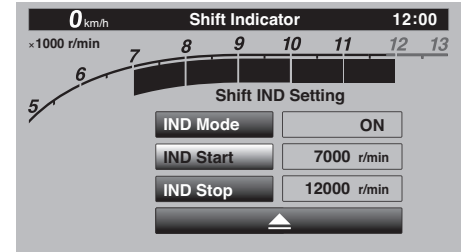
2. Select “IND Mode”.



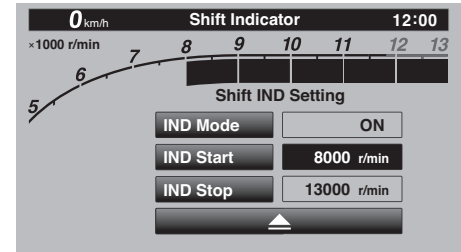
3. Select “ON” to have the indicator light steadily, “OFF” to turn the indicator off, or “Flash” to have the shift indicator flash when the indicator start threshold has been reached.



4. Select “IND Start”.



5. Rotate the wheel switch to adjust the r/min at which the shift timing indicator light will come on. “IND Start” operational range is 5000–12800 r/min.



6. Select “IND Stop” then rotate the wheel switch to adjust the r/min at which the shift timing indicator will go off. “IND Stop” operational

Instrument and control functions

range is 5500–13000 r/min.

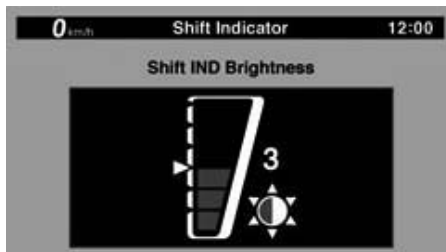
TIP _____

The blue area on the tachometer indicates the currently set operational range of the shift indicator light.

4

“Shift IND Brightness”

The shift timing indicator light has six brightness levels.

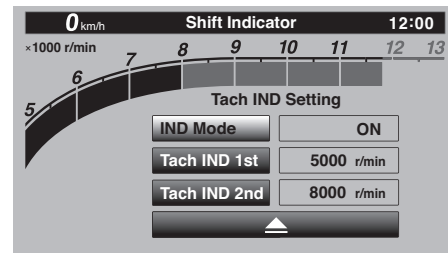


Select “Shift IND Brightness”, then use the wheel switch to adjust the setting. Short push the wheel switch to confirm the setting and exit.

“Tach IND Setting”

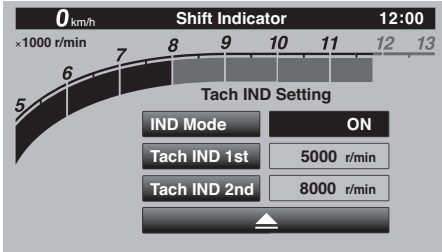
This function allows you to turn the tachometer color display on or off. When turned off, the tachometer will display all r/min levels below the red zone in black or white (depending on wallpaper settings). When turned on, the mid and mid-to-high r/min zones can be set to come on in green and then orange colors.

1. Select “Tach IND Setting”.

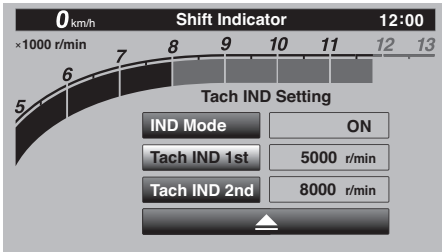


2. Select “IND Mode”.

Instrument and control functions

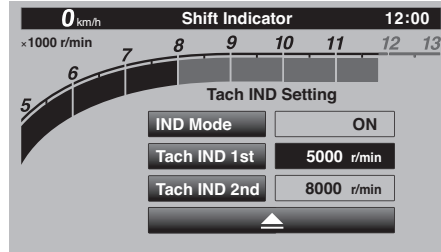


3. Select ON to turn the tachometer color display mode on (or select OFF to turn this function off).
4. Select “Tach IND 1st” to set the green zone starting r/min.



5. Set the starting r/min by rotating and then short pushing the wheel switch. All r/min above this value up to the “Tach IND 2nd” setting

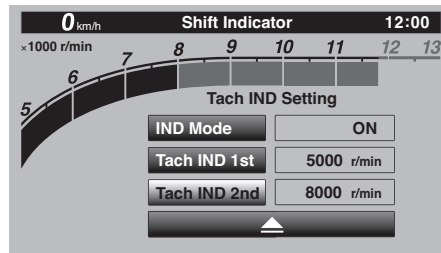
value (or the red zone), will be displayed in green.



TIP

Green bar start setting range: 5000–11800 r/min.

6. Select “Tach IND 2nd”.

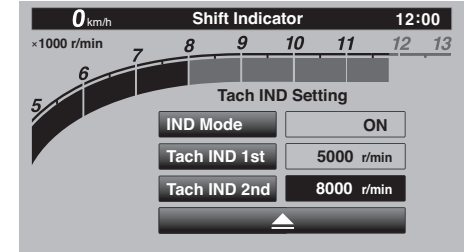


7. Set the orange color starting r/min by rotating and then short pushing the wheel switch. All r/min above

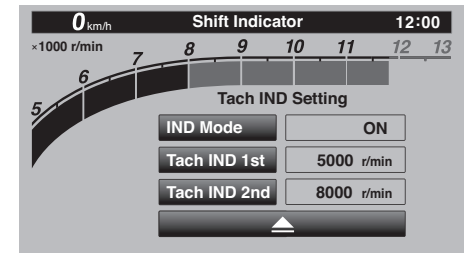
this figure until the red zone, will be displayed in orange.

TIP

Orange bar start setting range: 8000–11800 r/min.



8. Select the triangle symbol to exit.



“Peak Rev IND Setting”

This module allows you to turn the rev-

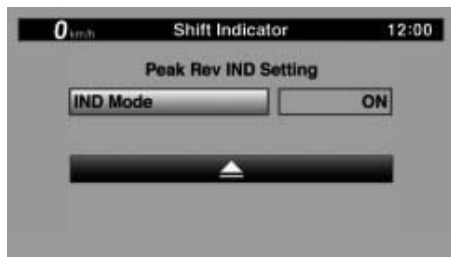
Instrument and control functions

olution peak hold indicator on or off.

1. Select “Peak Rev IND Setting”.



2. Select “IND Mode” and then select ON (to turn on the indicator) or OFF (to turn off the indicator).

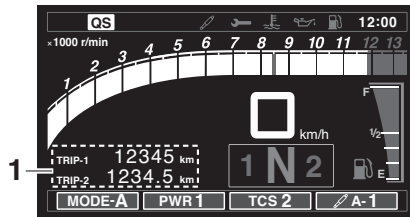


3. Select the triangle symbol to exit.

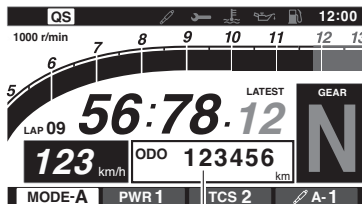
“Display Setting”

This module allows you to set how the

information display items (like TRIP-1, ODO, C. TEMP, etc.) are grouped on the main screen. There are four display groups.



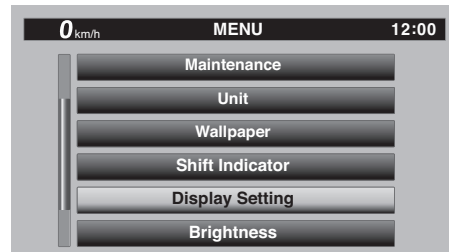
1. Information display item (STREET MODE)



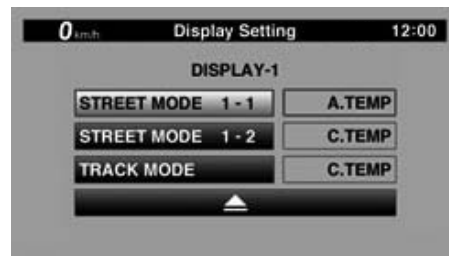
1. Information display item (TRACK MODE)

To set the display groups

1. Select “Display Setting”.

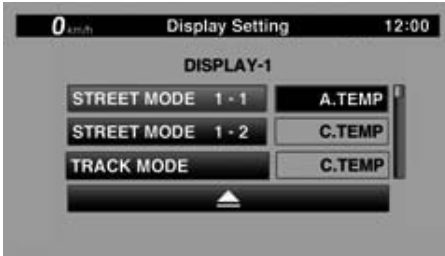


2. DISPLAY-1, DISPLAY-2, DISPLAY-3 and DISPLAY-4 are displayed.
3. For example, let's select DISPLAY-1. STREET MODE 1-1, STREET MODE 1-2, and TRACK MODE are displayed.



Instrument and control functions

4. Select the STREET MODE 1-1.



5. Select the desired information display item with the wheel switch.

TIP

The information display setting items which can be selected are:

A.TEMP: air temperature

C.TEMP: coolant temperature

TRIP-1: tripmeter 1

TRIP-2: tripmeter 2

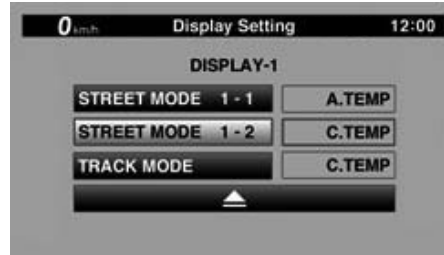
ODO: odometer

FUEL CON: the amount of fuel consumed

FUEL AVG: average fuel consumption

CRNT FUEL: current fuel consumption

6. Select STREET MODE 1-2 or TRACK MODE to set the remaining DISPLAY-1 group items.



7. Select the triangle symbol to exit. To set the other display groups, repeat from step 3.

“Brightness”

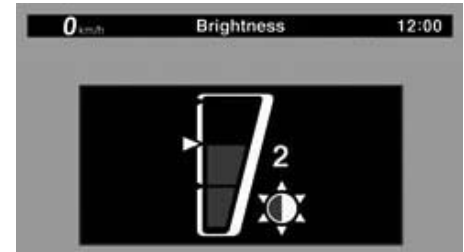
This function allows you to adjust the general brightness level of the display screen.

To set the brightness

1. Select “Brightness”.



2. Select the desired brightness level by rotating the wheel switch, and then short push the wheel switch to fix the setting.



“Clock”

The clock uses a 12-hour system.

To set the clock

1. From the MENU screen, select

Instrument and control functions

“Clock”.



2. When “Clock” is selected, the hours figure will be highlighted.



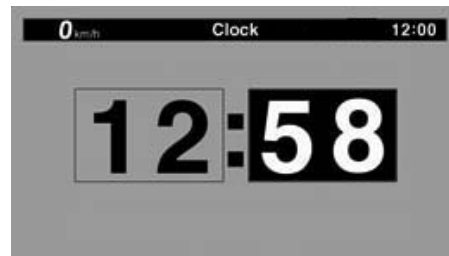
3. Set the hour by rotating and then short push the wheel switch.



4. The minutes figure will become highlighted.



5. Set the minutes figure by rotating and then short push the wheel switch.



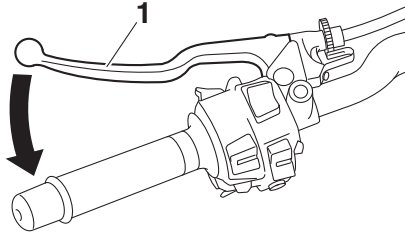
6. Short push the wheel switch again to exit and go back to MENU screen.

“All Reset”

This function resets everything, except the odometer and clock, to its factory preset or default setting. Select YES to reset all items. After selecting YES, all items will be reset and the display will automatically return to the MENU screen.

EAU12822

Clutch lever



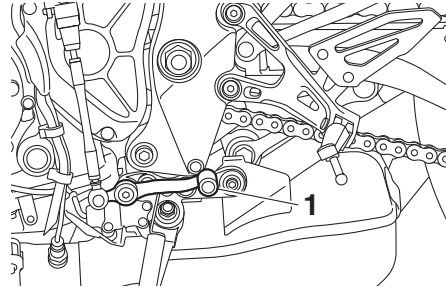
1. Clutch lever

The clutch lever is located on the left side of the handlebar. To disengage the clutch, pull the lever toward the handlebar grip. To engage the clutch, release the lever. The lever should be pulled rapidly and released slowly for smooth clutch operation.

The clutch lever is equipped with a clutch switch, which is part of the ignition circuit cut-off system. (See page 4-38.)

EAU67010

Shift pedal



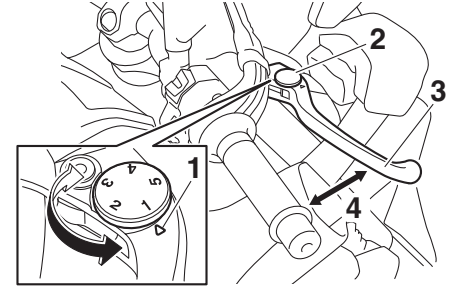
1. Shift pedal

The shift pedal is located on the left side of the motorcycle and is used in combination with the clutch lever when shifting the gears of the 6-speed constant-mesh transmission.

When the quick-shift system is turned on, the shift switch senses shift pedal movement and allows for upshifting without operating the clutch lever. See QSS on page 4-15 for more information.

EAU26825

Brake lever



1. “ Δ ” mark
2. Brake lever position adjusting dial
3. Brake lever
4. Distance between brake lever and throttle grip

The brake lever is located on the right side of the handlebar. To apply the front brake, pull the lever toward the throttle grip.

The brake lever is equipped with a brake lever position adjusting dial. To adjust the distance between the brake lever and the throttle grip, turn the adjusting dial while holding the lever pushed away from the throttle grip. Make sure that the appropriate setting on the adjusting dial is aligned with the

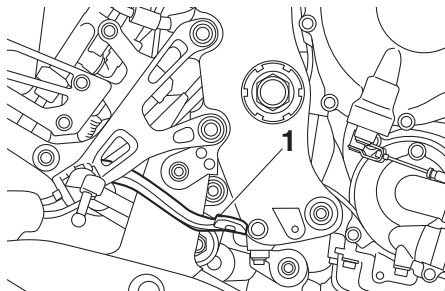
Instrument and control functions

“△” mark on the brake lever.

EAU12944

EAU63040

Brake pedal



1. Brake pedal

The brake pedal is located on the right side of the motorcycle. To apply the rear brake, press down on the brake pedal.

ABS

The Yamaha ABS (Anti-lock Brake System) features a dual electronic control system, which acts on the front and rear brakes independently.

Operate the brakes with ABS as you would conventional brakes. If the ABS is activated, a pulsating sensation may be felt at the brake lever or brake pedal. In this situation, continue to apply the brakes and let the ABS work; do not “pump” the brakes as this will reduce braking effectiveness.

EWA16051

WARNING

Always keep a sufficient distance from the vehicle ahead to match the riding speed even with ABS.

- **The ABS performs best with long braking distances.**
- **On certain surfaces, such as rough or gravel roads, the braking distance may be longer with the ABS than without.**

The ABS is monitored by an ECU, which will revert the system to conventional braking if a malfunction occurs.

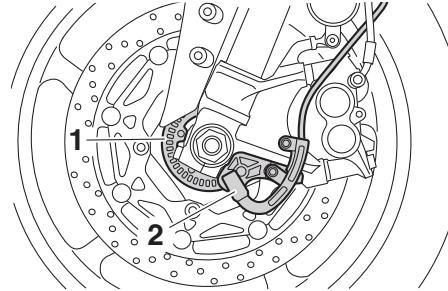
TIP

- The ABS performs a self-diagnosis test each time the vehicle first starts off after the key is turned to “ON” and the vehicle has traveled at a speed of 10 km/h (6 mi/h) or higher. During this test, a “clicking” noise can be heard from the hydraulic control unit, and if the brake lever or brake pedal is even slightly applied, a vibration can be felt at the lever and pedal, but these do not indicate a malfunction.
- This ABS has a test mode which allows the owner to experience the pulsation at the brake lever or brake pedal when the ABS is operating. However, special tools are required, so please consult your Yamaha dealer.

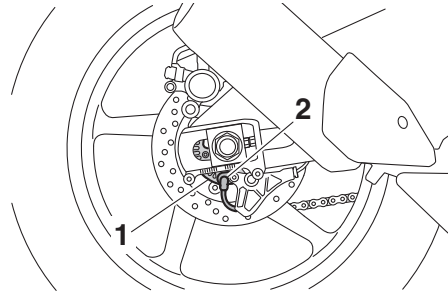
ECA20100

NOTICE

Be careful not to damage the wheel sensor or wheel sensor rotor; otherwise, improper performance of the ABS will result.

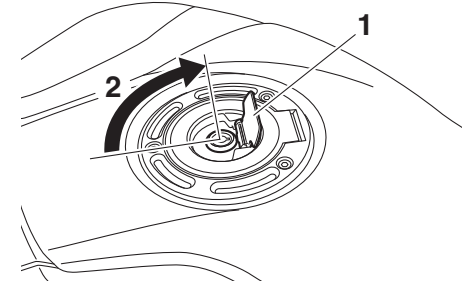


1. Front wheel sensor rotor
2. Front wheel sensor



1. Rear wheel sensor rotor
2. Rear wheel sensor

Fuel tank cap



1. Fuel tank cap lock cover
2. Unlock.

To open the fuel tank cap

Open the fuel tank cap lock cover, insert the key into the lock, and then turn it 1/4 turn clockwise. The lock will be released and the fuel tank cap can be opened.

To close the fuel tank cap

1. Push the fuel tank cap into position with the key inserted in the lock.
2. Turn the key counterclockwise to the original position, remove it, and then close the lock cover.

Instrument and control functions

TIP

The fuel tank cap cannot be closed unless the key is in the lock. In addition, the key cannot be removed if the cap is not properly closed and locked.

EWA11092

WARNING

Make sure that the fuel tank cap is properly closed after filling fuel. Leaking fuel is a fire hazard.

Fuel

Make sure there is sufficient gasoline in the tank.

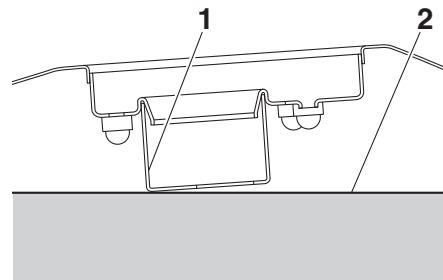
EAU13222

EWA10882

WARNING

Gasoline and gasoline vapors are extremely flammable. To avoid fires and explosions and to reduce the risk of injury when refueling, follow these instructions.

1. Before refueling, turn off the engine and be sure that no one is sitting on the vehicle. Never refuel while smoking, or while in the vicinity of sparks, open flames, or other sources of ignition such as the pilot lights of water heaters and clothes dryers.
2. Do not overfill the fuel tank. When refueling, be sure to insert the pump nozzle into the fuel tank filler hole. Stop filling when the fuel reaches the bottom of the filler tube. Because fuel expands when it heats up, heat from the engine or the sun can cause fuel to spill out of the fuel tank.



1. Fuel tank filler tube
2. Maximum fuel level
3. Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately. **NOTICE: Immediately wipe off spilled fuel with a clean, dry, soft cloth, since fuel may deteriorate painted surfaces or plastic parts.**^[ECA10072]
4. Be sure to securely close the fuel tank cap.

EWA15152

WARNING

Gasoline is poisonous and can cause injury or death. Handle gasoline with care. Never siphon gasoline by mouth. If you should swallow some gasoline or inhale a lot of gasoline vapor, or get some gasoline in

your eyes, see your doctor immediately. If gasoline spills on your skin, wash with soap and water. If gasoline spills on your clothing, change your clothes.

EAU75300



hol containing ethanol and that containing methanol. Gasohol containing ethanol can be used if the ethanol content does not exceed 10% (E10). Gasohol containing methanol is not recommended by Yamaha because it can cause damage to the fuel system or vehicle performance problems.

4

Recommended fuel:

Premium unleaded gasoline (Gasohol [E10] acceptable)

Fuel tank capacity:

17 L (4.5 US gal, 3.7 Imp.gal)

Fuel reserve amount:

4.0 L (1.06 US gal, 0.88 Imp.gal)

ECA11401

NOTICE

Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause severe damage to internal engine parts, such as the valves and piston rings, as well as to the exhaust system.

TIP

- This mark identifies the recommended fuel for this vehicle as specified by European regulation (EN228).
- Check that gasoline nozzle has the same identifier when fueling.

Your Yamaha engine has been designed to use premium unleaded gasoline with a research octane number of 95 or higher. If knocking (or pinging) occurs, use a gasoline of a different brand. Use of unleaded fuel will extend spark plug life and reduce maintenance costs.

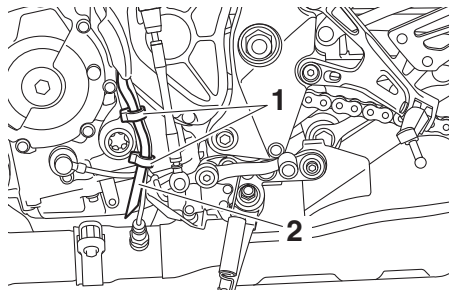
Gasohol

There are two types of gasohol: gaso-

Instrument and control functions

Fuel tank overflow hose

EAU74230



1. Clamp
2. Fuel tank overflow hose

TIP

See page 7-10 for breather information.

Before operating the motorcycle:

- Check the fuel tank overflow hose connection.
- Check the fuel tank overflow hose for cracks or damage, and replace it if necessary.
- Make sure that the end of the fuel tank overflow hose is not blocked, and clean it if necessary.
- Make sure that the fuel tank overflow hose is routed through the clamp.

Catalytic converter

EAU13434

This model is equipped with a catalytic converter in the exhaust system.

EWA10863

WARNING

The exhaust system is hot after operation. To prevent a fire hazard or burns:

- Do not park the vehicle near possible fire hazards such as grass or other materials that easily burn.
- Park the vehicle in a place where pedestrians or children are not likely to touch the hot exhaust system.
- Make sure that the exhaust system has cooled down before doing any maintenance work.
- Do not allow the engine to idle more than a few minutes. Long idling can cause a build-up of heat.

ECA10702

NOTICE

Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause unre-

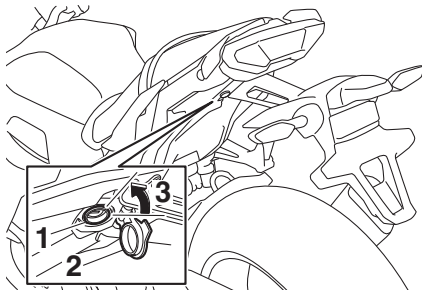
pairable damage to the catalytic converter.

EAU57991

Seat

To remove the seat

1. Open the seat lock cover, insert the key into the seat lock, and then turn the key counterclockwise.

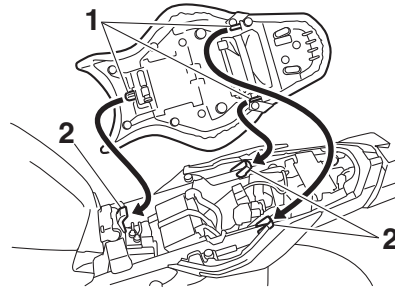


1. Seat lock
2. Seat lock cover
3. Unlock.

2. While holding the key in that position, lift the rear of the seat up, and then pull the seat off.

To install the seat

1. Insert the projections into the seat holders as shown.



1. Projection
 2. Seat holder
2. Push the rear of the seat down to lock it in place.
 3. Remove the key.

TIP

Make sure that the seat is properly secured before riding.

EAU67383

Adjusting the front fork

This model is equipped with ÖHLINS electronic racing suspension. The compression and rebound damping forces are electronically adjusted. (See ERS on page 4-16.)

ECA22471

NOTICE

- Use extra care to avoid scratching the gold-anodized finish when making suspension adjustments.
- To avoid damaging the suspension's internal mechanisms, do not attempt to turn beyond the maximum or minimum settings.

Spring preload

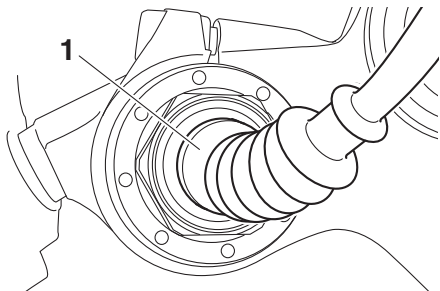
The spring preload adjustment is performed manually.

1. Turn the vehicle off.
2. Slide the rubber cover back at each coupler.
3. Remove the coupler on each front fork. **NOTICE:** To prevent damaging the couplers, do not use sharp tools or excessive

Instrument and control functions

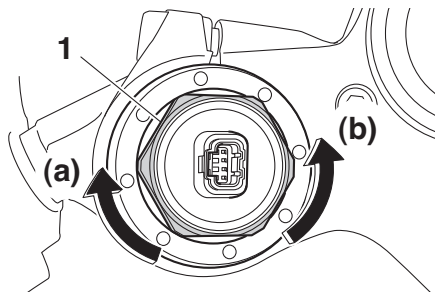
EAU67393

force.[ECA22770]



1. Coupler

4. To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting bolt on each fork leg in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting bolt on each fork leg in direction (b).



1. Spring preload adjusting bolt

Spring preload setting:

Minimum (soft):

0 turn(s) in direction (a)*

Standard:

11 turn(s) in direction (a)*

Maximum (hard):

15 turn(s) in direction (a)*

* With the adjusting nut fully turned in direction (b)

5. Attach the coupler on each fork.
6. Slide the rubber cover to the original position.

Adjusting the shock absorber assembly

This model is equipped with ÖHLINS electronic racing suspension.

The compression and rebound damping forces are electronically adjusted. (See ERS on page 4-16.)

ECA10102

NOTICE

To avoid damaging the mechanism, do not attempt to turn beyond the maximum or minimum settings.

Spring preload

The spring preload adjustment is performed manually.

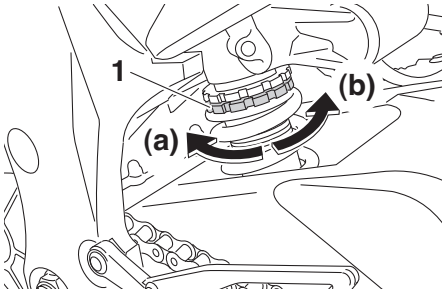
1. Loosen the locknut.
2. To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting ring in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting ring in direction (b).

The spring preload setting is determined by measuring distance A. The longer distance A is, the high-

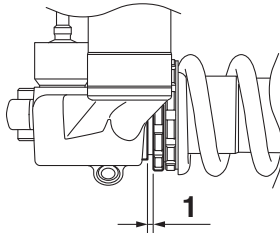
Instrument and control functions

er the spring preload; the shorter distance A is, the lower the spring preload.

- Use the special wrench in the owner's tool kit to make the adjustment.



1. Spring preload adjusting ring



1. Distance A

Spring preload:

Minimum (soft):

Distance A = 0.0 mm (0.00 in)

Standard:

Distance A = 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

Maximum (hard):

Distance A = 9.0 mm (0.35 in)

3. Tighten the locknut to the specified torque. **NOTICE:** Always tighten the locknut against the adjusting ring, and then tighten the locknut to the specified torque.^[ECA22760]

Tightening torque:

Locknut:

25 N·m (2.5 kgf·m, 18 lb·ft)

EWA10222

WARNING

This shock absorber assembly contains highly pressurized nitrogen gas. Read and understand the following information before handling the shock absorber assembly.

- Do not tamper with or attempt to open the cylinder assembly.
- Do not subject the shock absorber assembly to an open

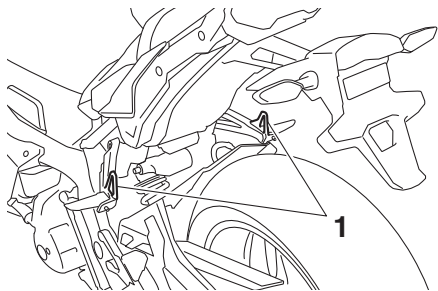
flame or other high heat source. This may cause the unit to explode due to excessive gas pressure.

- Do not deform or damage the cylinder in any way. Cylinder damage will result in poor damping performance.
- Do not dispose of a damaged or worn-out shock absorber assembly yourself. Take the shock absorber assembly to a Yamaha dealer for any service.

Instrument and control functions

Luggage strap holders

EAU15152



1. Luggage strap holder

There is a luggage strap holder on each passenger footrest.

EXUP system

EAU67050

This model is equipped with Yamaha's EXUP (EXhaust Ultimate Power valve) system. This system boosts engine power by means of a valve that controls exhaust flow within the exhaust chamber.

NOTICE

The EXUP system has been set and extensively tested at the Yamaha factory. Changing these settings without sufficient technical knowledge may result in poor performance of or damage to the engine.

ECA15611

Auxiliary DC jack

EAU49453

EWA14361

⚠ WARNING

To prevent electrical shock or short-circuiting, make sure that the cap is installed when the auxiliary DC jack is not being used.

ECA15432

NOTICE

The accessory connected to the auxiliary DC jack should not be used with the engine turned off, and the load must never exceed 12 W (1.0 A), otherwise the fuse may blow or the battery may discharge.

This vehicle is equipped with an auxiliary DC jack.

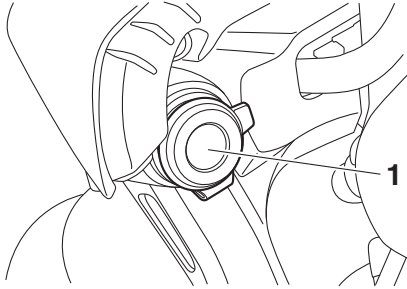
A 12-V accessory connected to the auxiliary DC jack can be used when the key is in the "ON" position and should only be used when the engine is running.

To use the auxiliary DC jack

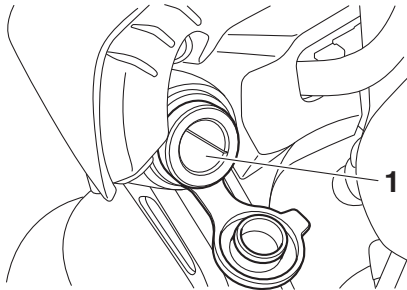
1. Turn the key to "OFF".
2. Remove the auxiliary DC jack cap.

EAU15306

Yamaha dealer repair it if it does not function properly.



1. Auxiliary DC jack cap
3. Turn the accessory off.
4. Insert the accessory plug into the auxiliary DC jack.



1. Auxiliary DC jack
5. Turn the key to "ON", and then start the engine. (See page 6-1.)
6. Turn the accessory on.

Sidestand

The sidestand is located on the left side of the frame. Raise the sidestand or lower it with your foot while holding the vehicle upright.

TIP

The built-in sidestand switch is part of the ignition circuit cut-off system, which cuts the ignition in certain situations. (See the following section for an explanation of the ignition circuit cut-off system.)

EWA10242

! WARNING

The vehicle must not be ridden with the sidestand down, or if the sidestand cannot be properly moved up (or does not stay up), otherwise the sidestand could contact the ground and distract the operator, resulting in a possible loss of control. Yamaha's ignition circuit cut-off system has been designed to assist the operator in fulfilling the responsibility of raising the sidestand before starting off. Therefore, check this system regularly and have a

Instrument and control functions

EAU57950

Ignition circuit cut-off system

The ignition circuit cut-off system (comprising the sidestand switch, clutch switch and neutral switch) has the following functions.

- It prevents starting when the transmission is in gear and the sidestand is up, but the clutch lever is not pulled.
- It prevents starting when the transmission is in gear and the clutch lever is pulled, but the sidestand is still down.
- It cuts the running engine when the transmission is in gear and the sidestand is moved down.

Periodically check the operation of the ignition circuit cut-off system according to the following procedure.

Instrument and control functions

With the engine turned off:

1. Move the sidestand down.
2. Make sure that the start/engine stop switch is set to “○”.
3. Turn the key on.
4. Shift the transmission into the neutral position.
5. Push the “⊗” side of the start/engine stop switch.

Does the engine start?

YES

NO

With the engine still running:

6. Move the sidestand up.
7. Keep the clutch lever pulled.
8. Shift the transmission into gear.
9. Move the sidestand down.

Does the engine stall?

YES

NO

After the engine has stalled:

10. Move the sidestand up.
11. Keep the clutch lever pulled.
12. Push the “⊗” side of the start/engine stop switch.

Does the engine start?

YES

NO

The system is OK. **The motorcycle can be ridden.**



If a malfunction is noted, have a Yamaha dealer check the system before riding.

The neutral switch may not be working correctly.
The motorcycle should not be ridden until checked by a Yamaha dealer.

The sidestand switch may not be working correctly.
The motorcycle should not be ridden until checked by a Yamaha dealer.

The clutch switch may not be working correctly.
The motorcycle should not be ridden until checked by a Yamaha dealer.

For your safety – pre-operation checks

EAU15599

Inspect your vehicle each time you use it to make sure the vehicle is in safe operating condition. Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in the Owner's Manual.

EWA11152

WARNING

Failure to inspect or maintain the vehicle properly increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage. Do not operate the vehicle if you find any problem. If a problem cannot be corrected by the procedures provided in this manual, have the vehicle inspected by a Yamaha dealer.

Before using this vehicle, check the following points:

ITEM	CHECKS	PAGE
Fuel	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check fuel level in fuel tank.• Refuel if necessary.• Check fuel line for leakage.• Check fuel tank breather/overflow hose for obstructions, cracks or damage, and check hose connection.	4-30, 4-32
Engine oil	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check oil level in engine.• If necessary, add recommended oil to specified level.• Check vehicle for oil leakage.	7-10
Coolant	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check coolant level in reservoir.• If necessary, add recommended coolant to specified level.• Check cooling system for leakage.	7-13
Front brake	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation.• If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed hydraulic system.• Check brake pads for wear.• Replace if necessary.• Check fluid level in reservoir.• If necessary, add specified brake fluid to specified level.• Check hydraulic system for leakage.	7-22, 7-23

For your safety – pre-operation checks

ITEM	CHECKS	PAGE
Rear brake	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation. • If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed hydraulic system. • Check brake pads for wear. • Replace if necessary. • Check fluid level in reservoir. • If necessary, add specified brake fluid to specified level. • Check hydraulic system for leakage. 	7-22, 7-23
Clutch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation. • Lubricate cable if necessary. • Check lever free play. • Adjust if necessary. 	7-21
Throttle grip	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that operation is smooth. • Check throttle grip free play. • If necessary, have Yamaha dealer adjust throttle grip free play and lubricate cable and grip housing. 	7-17, 7-27
Control cables	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that operation is smooth. • Lubricate if necessary. 	7-26
Drive chain	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check chain slack. • Adjust if necessary. • Check chain condition. • Lubricate if necessary. 	7-24, 7-26
Wheels and tires	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check for damage. • Check tire condition and tread depth. • Check air pressure. • Correct if necessary. 	7-18, 7-20
Brake and shift pedals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that operation is smooth. • Lubricate pedal pivoting points if necessary. 	7-27
Brake and clutch levers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that operation is smooth. • Lubricate lever pivoting points if necessary. 	7-28
Sidestand	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that operation is smooth. • Lubricate pivot if necessary. 	7-28
Chassis fasteners	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that all nuts, bolts and screws are properly tightened. • Tighten if necessary. 	—

For your safety – pre-operation checks

ITEM	CHECKS	PAGE
Instruments, lights, signals and switches	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation.• Correct if necessary.	—
Sidestand switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation of ignition circuit cut-off system.• If system is not working correctly, have Yamaha dealer check vehicle.	4-37

Read the Owner's Manual carefully to become familiar with all controls. If there is a control or function you do not understand, ask your Yamaha dealer.

EWA10272

WARNING

Failure to familiarize yourself with the controls can lead to loss of control, which could cause an accident or injury.

TIP

This model is equipped with:

- a lean angle sensor to stop the engine in case of a turnover. In this case, the engine trouble warning light will come on, but this is not a malfunction. Turn the key to "OFF" and then to "ON" to turn off the warning light. Failing to do so will prevent the engine from starting even though the engine will crank when pushing the start switch.
- an engine auto-stop system. The engine stops automatically if left idling for 20 minutes. If the engine stops, simply push the start switch to restart the engine.

Starting the engine

In order for the ignition circuit cut-off system to enable starting, one of the following conditions must be met:

- The transmission is in the neutral position.
- The transmission is in gear with the clutch lever pulled and the sidestand up.
See page 4-38 for more information.

1. Turn the key to "ON" and make sure that the stop/run/start switch is set to "○".

The following warning lights and indicator lights should come on for a few seconds, then go off.

- Oil pressure and coolant temperature warning light
- Engine trouble warning light
- Shift timing indicator light
- Steering damper and suspension warning light
- Traction control system indicator light
- Cruise control indicator lights
- Immobilizer system indicator light

Operation and important riding points

ECA11834

NOTICE

If a warning or indicator light does not come on initially when the key is turned to “ON”, or if a warning or indicator light remains on, see page 4-5 for the corresponding warning and indicator light circuit check.

The oil pressure and coolant temperature warning light should come on when the key is turned to “ON”. The warning light should come on again after going off briefly, and then remain on until the engine is started.

The ABS warning light should come on when the key is turned to “ON”, and then go off after traveling at a speed of 10 km/h (6 mi/h) or higher.

ECA17682

NOTICE

If the ABS warning light does not come on and then go off as explained above, see page 4-5 for the warning light circuit check.

2. Shift the transmission into the neutral position. The neutral indicator

light should come on. If not, ask a Yamaha dealer to check the electrical circuit.

3. Start the engine by pushing the “(⊕)” side of the stop/run/start switch.

If the engine fails to start, release the stop/run/start switch, wait a few seconds, and then try again. Each starting attempt should be as short as possible to preserve the battery. Do not crank the engine more than 10 seconds on any one attempt.

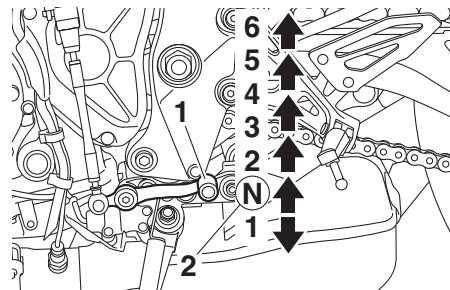
ECA11043

NOTICE

For maximum engine life, never accelerate hard when the engine is cold!

Shifting

EAU67080



1. Shift pedal
2. Neutral position

Shifting gears lets you control the amount of engine power available for starting off, accelerating, climbing hills, etc.

The gear positions are shown in the illustration.

TIP

For speedy upshifts, turn on the quick shift system. See QSS on page 4-15 for more information.

ECA22520

NOTICE

- Even with the transmission in

the neutral position, do not coast for long periods of time with the engine off, and do not tow the motorcycle for long distances. The transmission is properly lubricated only when the engine is running. Inadequate lubrication may damage the transmission.

- Except when upshifting with the QSS turned on, always use the clutch while changing gears to avoid damaging the engine, transmission, and drive train, which are not designed to withstand the shock of forced shifting.

Tips for reducing fuel consumption

Fuel consumption depends largely on your riding style. Consider the following tips to reduce fuel consumption:

- Shift up swiftly, and avoid high engine speeds during acceleration.
- Do not rev the engine while shifting down, and avoid high engine speeds with no load on the engine.
- Turn the engine off instead of letting it idle for an extended length of time (e.g., in traffic jams, at traffic lights or at railroad crossings).

EAU16811

Engine break-in

There is never a more important period in the life of your engine than the period between 0 and 1600 km (1000 mi). For this reason, you should read the following material carefully.

Since the engine is brand new, do not put an excessive load on it for the first 1600 km (1000 mi). The various parts in the engine wear and polish themselves to the correct operating clearances. During this period, prolonged full-throttle operation or any condition that might result in engine overheating must be avoided.

EAU16842

EAU17085

0–1000 km (0–600 mi)

Avoid prolonged operation above 5900 r/min. **NOTICE: After 1000 km (600 mi) of operation, the engine oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge or element replaced.**^[ECA10303]

1000–1600 km (600–1000 mi)

Avoid prolonged operation above 7100

Operation and important riding points

r/min.

1600 km (1000 mi) and beyond

The vehicle can now be operated normally.

ECA10311

NOTICE

- Keep the engine speed out of the tachometer red zone.
- If any engine trouble should occur during the engine break-in period, immediately have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

TIP

During and after the engine break-in period, the exhaust heat may cause discoloration of the exhaust pipe, but this is normal.

EAU17214

Parking

When parking, stop the engine, and then remove the key from the main switch.

EWA10312

WARNING

- Since the engine and exhaust system can become very hot, park in a place where pedestrians or children are not likely to touch them and be burned.
- Do not park on a slope or on soft ground, otherwise the vehicle may overturn, increasing the risk of a fuel leak and fire.
- Do not park near grass or other flammable materials which might catch fire.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU17246

EWA15123

EAU17303

Periodic inspection, adjustment, and lubrication will keep your vehicle in the safest and most efficient condition possible. Safety is an obligation of the vehicle owner/operator. The most important points of vehicle inspection, adjustment, and lubrication are explained on the following pages.

The intervals given in the periodic maintenance charts should be simply considered as a general guide under normal riding conditions. However, depending on the weather, terrain, geographical location, and individual use, the maintenance intervals may need to be shortened.

WARNING

EWA10322

Failure to properly maintain the vehicle or performing maintenance activities incorrectly may increase your risk of injury or death during service or while using the vehicle. If you are not familiar with vehicle service, have a Yamaha dealer perform service.

WARNING

Turn off the engine when performing maintenance unless otherwise specified.

- **A running engine has moving parts that can catch on body parts or clothing and electrical parts that can cause shocks or fires.**
- **Running the engine while servicing can lead to eye injury, burns, fire, or carbon monoxide poisoning – possibly leading to death. See page 1-2 for more information about carbon monoxide.**

EWA15461

WARNING

Brake discs, calipers, drums, and linings can become very hot during use. To avoid possible burns, let brake components cool before touching them.

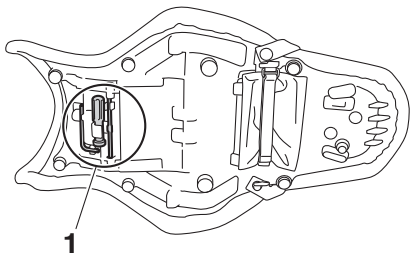
Emission controls not only function to ensure cleaner air, but are also vital to proper engine operation and maximum performance. In the following periodic maintenance charts, the services related to emissions control are grouped separately. These services require specialized data, knowledge, and equipment. Maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and systems may be performed by any repair establishment or individual that is certified (if applicable). Yamaha dealers are trained and equipped to perform these particular services.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Owner's tool kits

EAU73410

ence required for a particular job, have a Yamaha dealer perform it for you.



1. Owner's tool kit

The owner's tool kit is located on the bottom of the seat. (See page 4-33.)

Also, an additional tool kit was handed out separately at the time of vehicle purchase.

The service information included in this manual and the tools provided in the tool kits are intended to assist you in the performance of preventive maintenance and minor repairs. However, other tools such as a torque wrench may be necessary to perform certain maintenance work correctly.

TIP _____

If you do not have the tools or experi-

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU71030

TIP

- The annual checks must be performed every year, except if a kilometer-based maintenance, or for the UK, a mileage-based maintenance, is performed instead.
- From 50000 km (30000 mi), repeat the maintenance intervals starting from 10000 km (6000 mi).
- Items marked with an asterisk should be performed by a Yamaha dealer as they require special tools, data and technical skills.

EAU71051

Periodic maintenance chart for the emission control system

NO.	ITEM	CHECK OR MAINTENANCE JOB	ODOMETER READING					ANNUAL CHECK
			1000 km (600 mi)	10000 km (6000 mi)	20000 km (12000 mi)	30000 km (18000 mi)	40000 km (24000 mi)	
1	* Fuel line	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check fuel hoses for cracks or damage. • Replace if necessary. 		√	√	√	√	√
2	* Spark plugs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check condition. • Adjust gap and clean. 		√		√		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace. 			√		√	
3	* Valve clearance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check and adjust. 	Every 40000 km (24000 mi)					
4	* Fuel injection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check engine idle speed. 	√	√	√	√	√	√
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check and adjust synchronization. 		√	√	√	√	√
5	* Exhaust system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check for leakage. • Tighten if necessary. • Replace gaskets if necessary. 	√	√	√	√	√	
6	* Evaporative emission control system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check control system for damage. • Replace if necessary. 			√		√	

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

NO.	ITEM	CHECK OR MAINTENANCE JOB	ODOMETER READING					ANNUAL CHECK
			1000 km (600 mi)	10000 km (6000 mi)	20000 km (12000 mi)	30000 km (18000 mi)	40000 km (24000 mi)	
7	* Air induction system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the air cut-off valve, reed valve, and hose for damage. • Replace any damaged parts if necessary. 		√	√	√	√	√

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU71351

General maintenance and lubrication chart

NO.	ITEM	CHECK OR MAINTENANCE JOB	ODOMETER READING					ANNUAL CHECK
			1000 km (600 mi)	10000 km (6000 mi)	20000 km (12000 mi)	30000 km (18000 mi)	40000 km (24000 mi)	
1	* Diagnostic system check	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Perform dynamic inspection using Yamaha diagnostic tool. Check the error codes. 	√	√	√	√	√	√
2	* Air filter element	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace. 	Every 40000 km (24000 mi)					
3	Clutch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check operation. Adjust. 	√	√	√	√	√	
4	* Front brake	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage. Replace brake pads if necessary. 	√	√	√	√	√	√
5	* Rear brake	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage. Replace brake pads if necessary. 	√	√	√	√	√	√
6	* Brake hoses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check for cracks or damage. 		√	√	√	√	√
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace. 	Every 4 years					
7	* Brake fluid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change. 	Every 2 years					
8	* Wheels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check runout and for damage. Replace if necessary. 		√	√	√	√	
9	* Tires	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check tread depth and for damage. Replace if necessary. Check air pressure. Correct if necessary. 		√	√	√	√	√
10	* Wheel bearings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check bearing for looseness or damage. 		√	√	√	√	
11	* Swingarm pivot bearings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check operation and for excessive play. 		√	√	√	√	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lubricate with lithium-soap-based grease. 	Every 50000 km (30000 mi)					

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

NO.	ITEM	CHECK OR MAINTENANCE JOB	ODOMETER READING					ANNUAL CHECK
			1000 km (600 mi)	10000 km (6000 mi)	20000 km (12000 mi)	30000 km (18000 mi)	40000 km (24000 mi)	
12	Drive chain	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check chain slack, alignment and condition. • Adjust and lubricate chain with a special O-ring chain lubricant thoroughly. 	Every 1000 km (600 mi) and after washing the motorcycle, riding in the rain or riding in wet areas					
13	* Steering bearings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check bearing assemblies for looseness. 	√	√		√		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moderately repack with lithium-soap-based grease. 			√		√	
14	* Steering damper	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation and for oil leakage. 		√	√	√	√	
15	* Chassis fasteners	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that all nuts, bolts and screws are properly tightened. 		√	√	√	√	√
16	Brake lever pivot shaft	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lubricate with silicone grease. 		√	√	√	√	√
17	Brake pedal pivot shaft	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lubricate with lithium-soap-based grease. 		√	√	√	√	√
18	Clutch lever pivot shaft	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lubricate with lithium-soap-based grease. 		√	√	√	√	√
19	Shift pedal pivot shaft	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lubricate with lithium-soap-based grease. 		√	√	√	√	√
20	Sidestand	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation. • Lubricate with lithium-soap-based grease. 		√	√	√	√	√
21	* Sidestand switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation and replace if necessary. 	√	√	√	√	√	√
22	* Front fork	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation and for oil leakage. • Replace if necessary. 		√	√	√	√	
23	* Shock absorber assembly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation and for oil leakage. • Replace if necessary. 		√	√	√	√	

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

NO.	ITEM	CHECK OR MAINTENANCE JOB	ODOMETER READING					ANNUAL CHECK
			1000 km (600 mi)	10000 km (6000 mi)	20000 km (12000 mi)	30000 km (18000 mi)	40000 km (24000 mi)	
24	* Rear suspension relay arm and connecting arm pivoting points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation. 		√	√	√	√	
25	Engine oil	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change (warm engine before draining). • Check oil level and vehicle for oil leakage. 	√	√	√	√	√	√
26	Engine oil filter cartridge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace. 	√		√		√	
27	* Cooling system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check coolant level and vehicle for coolant leakage. • Change. 		√	√	√	√	√
28	* EXUP system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation, cable free play and pulley position. 	√		√		√	
29	* Front and rear brake switches	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation. 	√	√	√	√	√	√
30	* Moving parts and cables	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lubricate. 		√	√	√	√	√
31	* Throttle grip housing and cable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation and free play. • Adjust the throttle cable free play if necessary. • Lubricate the throttle grip housing and cable. 		√	√	√	√	√
32	* Lights, signals and switches	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation. • Adjust headlight beam. 	√	√	√	√	√	√

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU72800

TIP

- Air filter
 - This model's air filter is equipped with a disposable oil-coated paper element, which must not be cleaned with compressed air to avoid damaging it.
 - The air filter element needs to be replaced more frequently when riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.
 - Hydraulic brake service
 - Regularly check and, if necessary, correct the brake fluid level.
 - Every two years replace the internal components of the brake master cylinders and calipers, and change the brake fluid.
 - Replace the brake hoses every four years and if cracked or damaged.
-

EAU67110

Checking the spark plugs

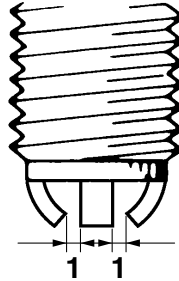
The spark plugs are important engine components, which should be checked periodically, preferably by a Yamaha dealer. Since heat and deposits will cause any spark plug to slowly erode, they should be removed and checked in accordance with the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. In addition, the condition of the spark plugs can reveal the condition of the engine.

The porcelain insulator around the center electrode of each spark plug should be a medium-to-light tan (the ideal color when the vehicle is ridden normally), and all spark plugs installed in the engine should have the same color. If any spark plug shows a distinctly different color, the engine could be operating improperly. Do not attempt to diagnose such problems yourself. Instead, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

If a spark plug shows signs of electrode erosion and excessive carbon or other deposits, it should be replaced.

Specified spark plug:
NGK/LMAR9E-J

Before installing a spark plug, the spark plug gap should be measured with a wire thickness gauge and, if necessary, adjusted to specification.



1. Spark plug gap

Spark plug gap:

0.6–0.7 mm (0.024–0.028 in)

Clean the surface of the spark plug gasket and its mating surface, and then wipe off any grime from the spark plug threads.

Tightening torque:

Spark plug (new):

18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m, 13 lb·ft)

Spark plug (after checking):

13 N·m (1.3 kgf·m, 9.4 lb·ft)

ECA10841

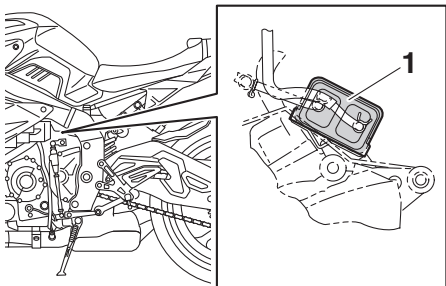
NOTICE

Do not use any tools to remove or install the spark plug cap, otherwise the ignition coil coupler may get damaged. The spark plug cap may be difficult to remove because the rubber seal on the end of the cap fits tightly. To remove the spark plug cap, simply twist it back and forth while pulling it out; to install it, twist it back and forth while pushing it in.

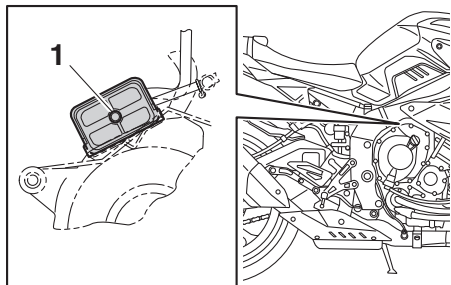
Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU36112

Canister



1. Canister



1. Canister breather

This model is equipped with a canister to prevent the discharging of fuel vapor into the atmosphere. Before operating this vehicle, make sure to check the fol-

lowing:

- Check each hose connection.
- Check each hose and canister for cracks or damage. Replace if damaged.
- Make sure that the canister breather is not blocked, and if necessary, clean it.

EAU73971

Engine oil and oil filter cartridge

The engine oil level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge replaced at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

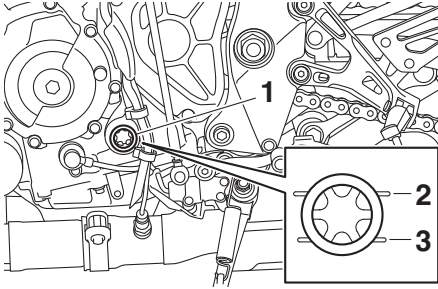
To check the engine oil level

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position. A slight tilt to the side can result in a false reading.
2. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
3. Wait a few minutes until the oil settles, and then check the oil level through the check window located at the bottom-left side of the crankcase.

TIP

The engine oil should be between the minimum and maximum level marks.

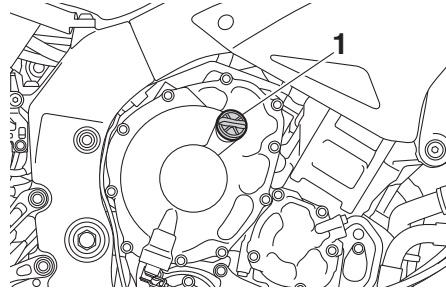
Periodic maintenance and adjustment



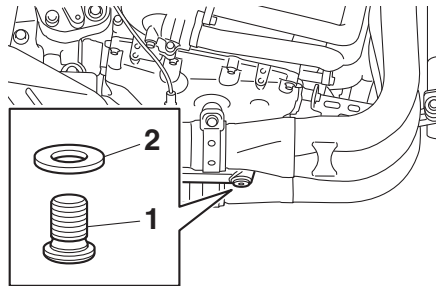
1. Engine oil level check window
 2. Maximum level mark
 3. Minimum level mark
4. If the engine oil is at or below the minimum level mark, add sufficient oil of the recommended type to raise it to the correct level.

To change the engine oil (and filter)

1. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
2. Place an oil pan under the engine to collect the used oil.
3. Remove the engine oil filler cap, the engine oil drain bolt and its gasket to drain the oil from the crankcase.



1. Engine oil filler cap

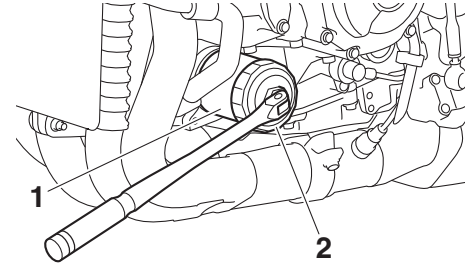


1. Engine oil drain bolt
2. Gasket

TIP _____
Skip steps 4–6 if the oil filter cartridge is not being replaced.

4. Remove the oil filter cartridge with

an oil filter wrench.

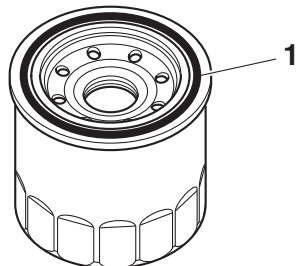


1. Oil filter cartridge
2. Oil filter wrench

TIP _____
An oil filter wrench is available at a Yamaha dealer.

5. Apply a thin coat of clean engine oil to the O-ring of the new oil filter cartridge.

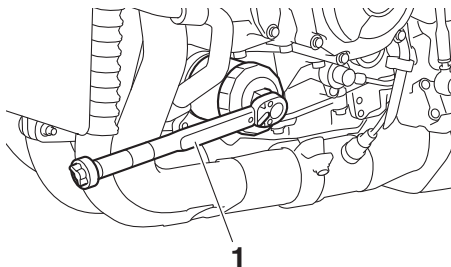
Periodic maintenance and adjustment



1. O-ring

TIP _____
Make sure that the O-ring is properly seated.

6. Install the new oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench, and then tighten it to the specified torque with a torque wrench.



1. Torque wrench

Tightening torque:
Oil filter cartridge:
17 N·m (1.7kgf·m, 12 lb·ft)

7. Install the engine oil drain bolt and its new gasket, and then tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque:
Engine oil drain bolt:
23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m, 17 lb·ft)

8. Refill with the specified amount of the recommended engine oil, and then install and tighten the oil filler cap.

Recommended engine oil:

Full synthetic
10W-40

Oil quantity:

Oil change:
3.90 L (4.12 US qt, 3.43 Imp.qt)
With oil filter removal:
4.10 L (4.33 US qt, 3.61 Imp.qt)

TIP

Be sure to wipe off spilled oil on any parts after the engine and exhaust system have cooled down.

ECA11621

NOTICE

- In order to prevent clutch slippage (since the engine oil also lubricates the clutch), do not mix any chemical additives. Do not use oils with a diesel specification of “CD” or oils of a higher quality than specified. In addition, do not use oils labeled “ENERGY CONSERVING II” or higher.
- Make sure that no foreign material enters the crankcase.

9. Start the engine, and then let it idle for several minutes while checking

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

it for oil leakage. If oil is leaking, immediately turn the engine off and check for the cause.

TIP _____

After the engine is started, the oil pressure warning light should go off if the oil level is sufficient.

ECA20860

NOTICE _____

If the oil pressure warning light flickers or remains on even if the oil level is correct, immediately turn the engine off and have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

10. Turn the engine off, wait a few minutes until the oil settles, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.

EAU20071

Coolant

The coolant level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the coolant must be changed at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

EAU20095

To check the coolant level

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position.

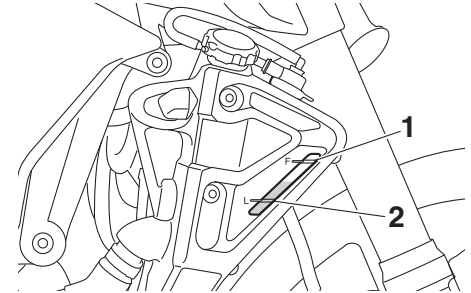
TIP _____

- The coolant level must be checked on a cold engine since the level varies with engine temperature.
- Make sure that the vehicle is positioned straight up when checking the coolant level. A slight tilt to the side can result in a false reading.

2. Check the coolant level in the coolant reservoir.

TIP _____

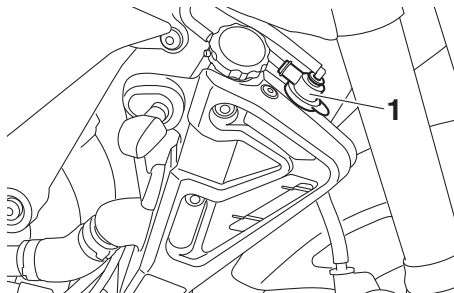
The coolant should be between the minimum and maximum level marks.



1. Maximum level mark
2. Minimum level mark

3. If the coolant is at or below the minimum level mark, remove the reservoir cap. **WARNING! Remove only the coolant reservoir cap. Never attempt to remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.**^[EWA15162]

Periodic maintenance and adjustment



1. Coolant reservoir cap

4. Add coolant to the maximum level mark, and then install the reservoir cap. **NOTICE:** If coolant is not available, use distilled water or soft tap water instead. Do not use hard water or salt water since it is harmful to the engine. If water has been used instead of coolant, replace it with coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the cooling system will not be protected against frost and corrosion. If water has been added to the coolant, have a Yamaha dealer check the anti-freeze content of the coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the

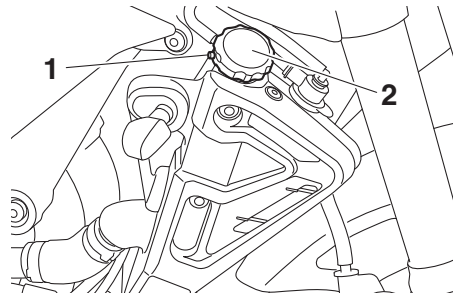
effectiveness of the coolant will be reduced.^[ECA10473]

Coolant reservoir capacity (up to the maximum level mark):
0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)

EAU73983

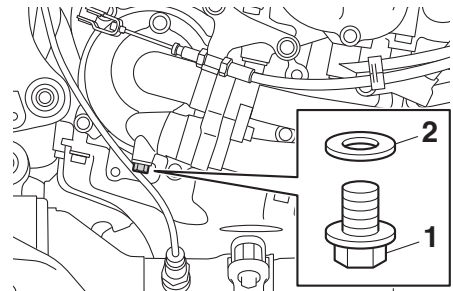
To change the coolant

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface and let the engine cool if necessary.
2. Place a container under the engine to collect the used coolant.
3. Remove the radiator cap retaining bolt and radiator cap. **WARNING! Never attempt to remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.**^[EWA10382]



1. Radiator cap retaining bolt
2. Radiator cap

4. Remove the coolant drain bolt and its gasket to drain the cooling system.

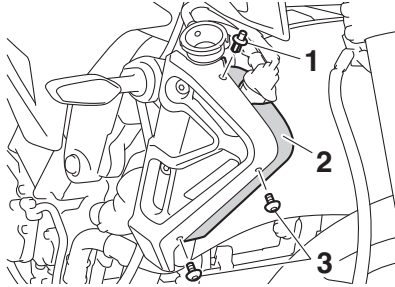


1. Coolant drain bolt
2. Gasket

5. Remove the coolant reservoir cov-

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

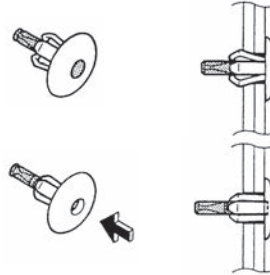
er A by removing the bolts and quick fastener.



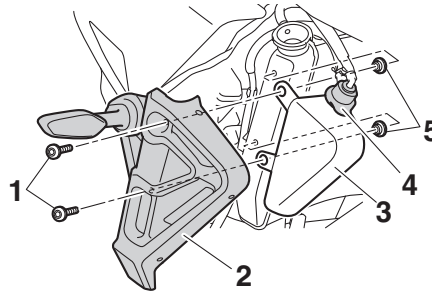
1. Quick fastener
2. Coolant reservoir cover A
3. Bolt

TIP

The quick fastener is removed by pushing in the center pin and then pulling the fastener out.



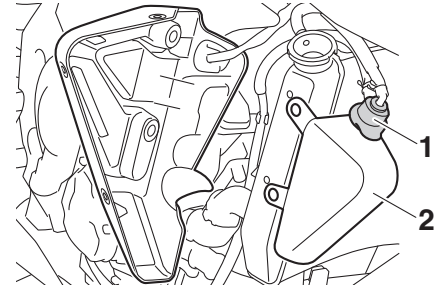
6. Remove the coolant reservoir cover B and coolant reservoir by removing the bolts.



1. Bolt
2. Coolant reservoir cover B
3. Coolant reservoir
4. Coolant reservoir cap
5. Collar

7. Remove the collars and coolant

reservoir cap, and then turn the coolant reservoir upside down to empty it.



1. Coolant reservoir cap
2. Coolant reservoir

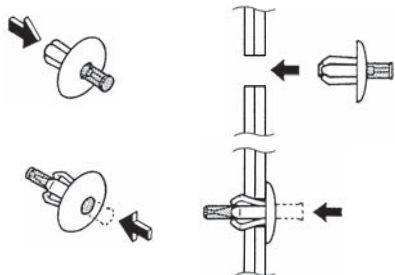
8. After the coolant is completely drained, thoroughly flush the cooling system with clean tap water.
9. Install the collars, coolant reservoir and its covers by placing them in the original position, and then installing the bolts and quickfastener.

TIP

The quick fastener is installed by pushing out the center pin, inserting the fastener into the cover, and then by pushing the center pin flush with the

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

fastener head.



10. Install the coolant drain bolt and its new gasket, and then tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque:

Coolant drain bolt:
10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m, 7.2 lb·ft)

11. Pour the specified amount of the recommended coolant into the radiator and coolant reservoir.

Antifreeze/water mixture ratio:

1:1

Recommended antifreeze:

High-quality ethylene glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors for aluminum engines

Coolant quantity:

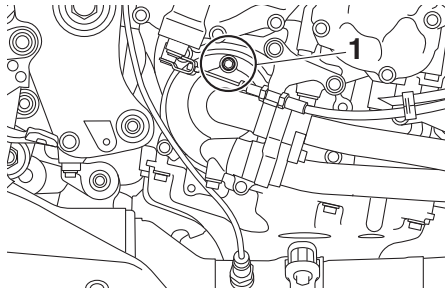
Radiator (including all routes):

2.25 L (2.38 US qt, 1.98 Imp.qt)

Coolant reservoir (up to the maximum level mark):

0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)

12. Install the coolant reservoir cap.
13. Loosen the air bleed bolt to allow any trapped air to escape from the water pump.



1. Air bleed bolt

14. When coolant begins to flow out, tighten the air bleed bolt to the

specified torque.

Tightening torque:

Air bleed bolt:
10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m, 7.2 lb·ft)

15. Pour the specified coolant into the radiator until it is full.
16. Install the radiator cap.
17. Start the engine, let it idle for several minutes, and then turn it off.
18. Remove the radiator cap to check the coolant level in the radiator. If necessary, add sufficient coolant until it reaches the top of the radiator, and then install the radiator cap and radiator cap retaining bolt.
19. Start the engine, and then check the vehicle for coolant leakage. If coolant is leaking, have a Yamaha dealer check the cooling system.

EAU36765

Air filter element

The air filter element must be replaced at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. Have a Yamaha dealer replace the air filter element.

EAU44735

Checking the engine idling speed

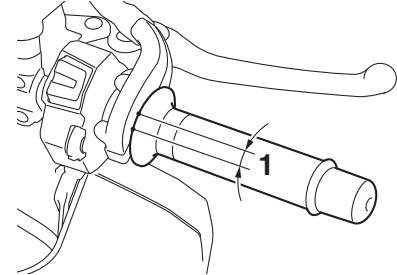
Check the engine idling speed and, if necessary, have it corrected by a Yamaha dealer.

Engine idling speed:
1200–1400 r/min

EAU21386

Checking the throttle grip free play

Measure the throttle grip free play as shown.



1. Throttle grip free play

Throttle grip free play:
3.0–5.0 mm (0.12–0.20 in)

Periodically check the throttle grip free play and, if necessary, have a Yamaha dealer adjust it.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Valve clearance

EAU21402

The valve clearance changes with use, resulting in improper air-fuel mixture and/or engine noise. To prevent this from occurring, the valve clearance must be adjusted by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Tires

EAU70961

Tires are the only contact between the vehicle and the road. Safety in all conditions of riding depends on a relatively small area of road contact. Therefore, it is essential to maintain the tires in good condition at all times and replace them at the appropriate time with the specified tires.

Tire air pressure

The tire air pressure should be checked and, if necessary, adjusted before each ride.

EWA18370

WARNING

- Operation of this vehicle with improper tire air pressure may cause severe injury or death from loss of control.
- The tire air pressure must be checked and adjusted on cold tires (i.e., when the temperature of the tires equals the ambient temperature).

Cold tire air pressure:

Front:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:

290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

Maximum load*:

170 kg (375 lb)

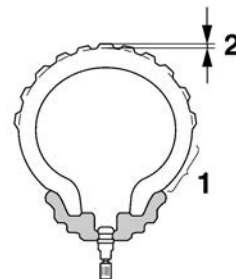
* Total weight of rider, passenger, cargo and accessories

EWA10512

WARNING

Never overload your vehicle. Operation of an overloaded vehicle could cause an accident.

Tire inspection



1. Tire sidewall
2. Tire tread depth

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

The tires should be checked before each ride. If the center tread depth reaches the specified limit, if the tire has a nail or glass fragments in it, or if the sidewall is cracked, have a Yamaha dealer replace the tire immediately.

Minimum tire tread depth (front and rear):
1.6 mm (0.06 in)

TIP

The tire tread depth limits may differ from country to country. Always comply with the local regulations.

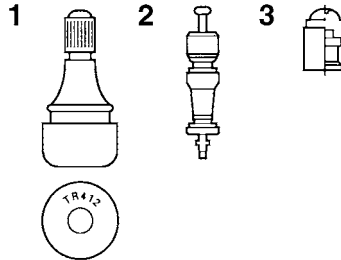
EWA10472

WARNING

- **Have a Yamaha dealer replace excessively worn tires. Besides being illegal, operating the vehicle with excessively worn tires decreases riding stability and can lead to loss of control.**
- **The replacement of all wheel and brake-related parts, including the tires, should be left to a Yamaha dealer, who has the necessary professional knowledge and experience to do so.**

- **Ride at moderate speeds after changing a tire since the tire surface must first be “broken in” for it to develop its optimal characteristics.**

Tire information



1. Tire air valve
2. Tire air valve core
3. Tire air valve cap with seal

This model is equipped with tubeless tires and tire air valves.

Tires age, even if they have not been used or have only been used occasionally. Cracking of the tread and sidewall rubber, sometimes accompanied by carcass deformation, is an evidence of ageing. Old and aged tires should be

checked by tire specialists to ascertain their suitability for further use.

EWA10482

WARNING

- **The front and rear tires should be of the same make and design, otherwise the handling characteristics of the motorcycle may be different, which could lead to an accident.**
- **Always make sure that the valve caps are securely installed to prevent air pressure leakage.**
- **Use only the tire valves and valve cores listed below to avoid tire deflation during a high-speed ride.**

After extensive tests, only the tires listed below are approved for this model by Yamaha.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU21963

Front tire:

Size:

120/70ZR17M/C(58W)

Manufacturer/model:

BRIDGESTONE/BATTLAX HY-
PERSPORT S20F

Rear tire:

Size:

190/55ZR17M/C(75W)

Manufacturer/model:

BRIDGESTONE/BATTLAX HY-
PERSPORT S20R

FRONT and REAR:

Tire air valve:

TR412

Valve core:

#9100 (original)

EWA10601

“broken in”. Therefore, it is advisable before doing any high-speed riding to ride conservatively for approximately 100 km (60 mi) after installing a new tire.

- The tires must be warmed up before a high-speed run.
- Always adjust the tire air pressure according to the operating conditions.

Cast wheels

To maximize the performance, durability, and safe operation of your vehicle, note the following points regarding the specified wheels.

- The wheel rims should be checked for cracks, bends, warpage or other damage before each ride. If any damage is found, have a Yamaha dealer replace the wheel. Do not attempt even the smallest repair to the wheel. A deformed or cracked wheel must be replaced.
- The wheel should be balanced whenever either the tire or wheel has been changed or replaced. An unbalanced wheel can result in poor performance, adverse handling characteristics, and a shortened tire life.

7

WARNING

This motorcycle is fitted with super-high-speed tires. Note the following points in order to make the most efficient use of these tires.

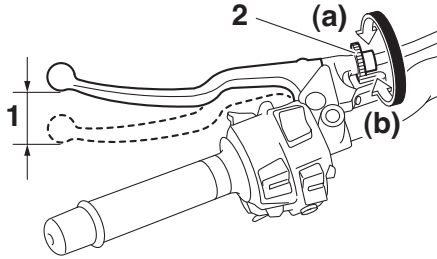
- Use only the specified replacement tires. Other tires may run the danger of bursting at super high speeds.
- Brand-new tires can have a relatively poor grip on certain road surfaces until they have been

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Adjusting the clutch lever free play

EAU74130

Measure the clutch lever free play as shown.



1. Clutch lever free play
2. Clutch lever free play adjusting bolt

Clutch lever free play:
5.0–10.0 mm (0.20–0.39 in)

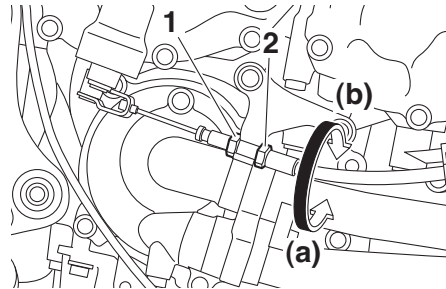
Periodically check the clutch lever free play and, if necessary, adjust it as follows.

To increase the clutch lever free play, turn the clutch lever free play adjusting bolt at the clutch lever in direction (a). To decrease the clutch lever free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (b).

TIP

If the specified clutch lever free play cannot be obtained as described above, proceed as follows.

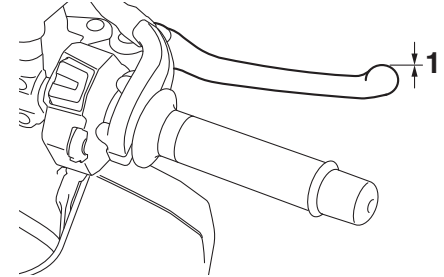
1. Fully turn the adjusting bolt at the clutch lever in direction (a) to loosen the clutch cable.
2. Loosen the locknut further down the clutch cable.
3. To increase the clutch lever free play, turn the clutch lever free play adjusting nut in direction (a). To decrease the clutch lever free play, turn the adjusting nut in direction (b).



1. Locknut
2. Clutch lever free play adjusting nut
4. Tighten the locknut.

Checking the brake lever free play

EAU37914



1. No brake lever free play

There should be no free play at the brake lever end. If there is free play, have a Yamaha dealer inspect the brake system.

WARNING

A soft or spongy feeling in the brake lever can indicate the presence of air in the hydraulic system. If there is air in the hydraulic system, have a Yamaha dealer bleed the system before operating the vehicle. Air in the hydraulic system will diminish the braking performance, which may re-

EWA14212

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

sult in loss of control and an accident.

Brake light switches

EAU36504

The brake light, which is activated by the brake pedal and brake lever, should come on just before braking takes effect. If necessary, have a Yamaha dealer adjust the brake light switches.

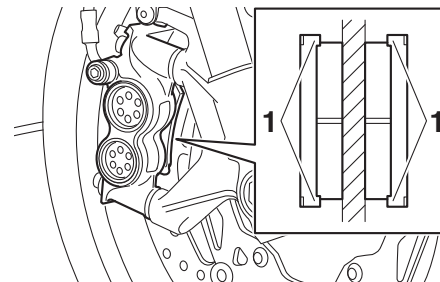
Checking the front and rear brake pads

EAU22393

The front and rear brake pads must be checked for wear at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Front brake pads

EAU36891



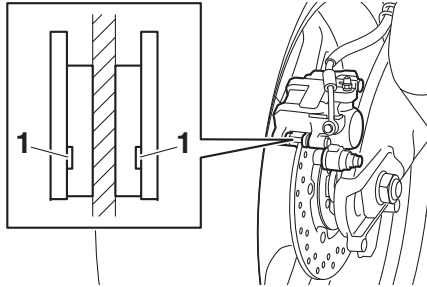
1. Brake pad wear indicator

Each front brake pad is provided with wear indicators, which allows you to check the brake pad wear without having to disassemble the brake. To check the brake pad wear, check the position of the wear indicators while applying the brake. If a brake pad has worn to the point that a wear indicator almost

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

touches the brake disc, have a Yamaha dealer replace the brake pads as a set.

Rear brake pads



1. Brake pad wear indicator groove

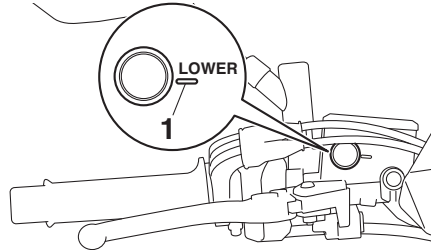
Each rear brake pad is provided with a wear indicator groove, which allows you to check the brake pad wear without having to disassemble the brake. To check the brake pad wear, check the wear indicator groove. If a brake pad has worn to the point that the wear indicator groove almost appears, have a Yamaha dealer replace the brake pads as a set.

EAU48071

Checking the brake fluid level

Before riding, check that the brake fluid is above the minimum level mark. Check the brake fluid level with the top of the reservoir level. Replenish the brake fluid if necessary.

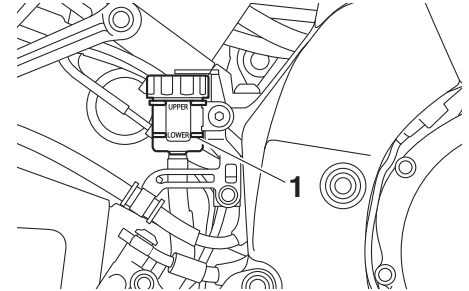
Front brake



1. Minimum level mark

EAU22582

Rear brake



1. Minimum level mark

Specified brake fluid:
DOT 4

EWA15991

⚠ WARNING

Improper maintenance can result in loss of braking ability. Observe these precautions:

- Insufficient brake fluid may allow air to enter the brake system, reducing braking performance.
- Clean the filler cap before removing. Use only DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container.
- Use only the specified brake fluid; otherwise, the rubber seals

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

may deteriorate, causing leakage.

- **Refill with the same type of brake fluid. Adding a brake fluid other than DOT 4 may result in a harmful chemical reaction.**
- **Be careful that water does not enter the brake fluid reservoir when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.**

ECA17841

NOTICE

7

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

As the brake pads wear, it is normal for the brake fluid level to gradually go down. A low brake fluid level may indicate worn brake pads and/or brake system leakage; therefore, be sure to check the brake pads for wear and the brake system for leakage. If the brake fluid level goes down suddenly, have a Yamaha dealer check the cause before further riding.

EAU22733

Changing the brake fluid

Have a Yamaha dealer change the brake fluid at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. In addition, have the oil seals of the master cylinders and calipers as well as the brake hoses replaced at the intervals listed below or whenever they are damaged or leaking.

- **Oil seals:** Replace every two years.
- **Brake hoses:** Replace every four years.

EAU22762

Drive chain slack

The drive chain slack should be checked before each ride and adjusted if necessary.

EAU74251

To check the drive chain slack

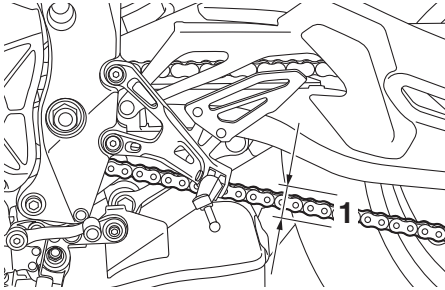
1. Place the motorcycle on the sidestand.

TIP

When checking and adjusting the drive chain slack, there should be no weight on the motorcycle.

2. Shift the transmission into the neutral position.
3. Measure the drive chain slack as shown.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment



1. Drive chain slack

Drive chain slack:
20.0–30.0 mm (0.79–1.18 in)

4. If the drive chain slack is incorrect, adjust it as follows. **NOTICE: Improper drive chain slack will overload the engine as well as other vital parts of the motorcycle and can lead to chain slippage or breakage. To prevent this from occurring, keep the drive chain slack within the specified limits.**^[ECA10572]

EAU74260

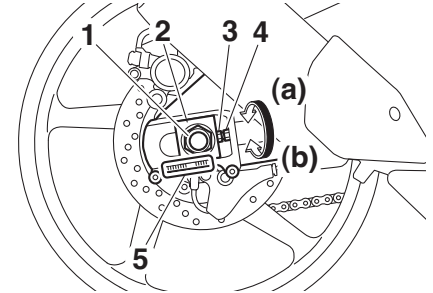
To adjust the drive chain slack

Consult a Yamaha dealer before adjusting the drive chain slack.

1. Loosen the axle nut and the locknut on each side of the swingarm.
2. To tighten the drive chain, turn the drive chain slack adjusting bolt on each side of the swingarm in direction (a). To loosen the drive chain, turn the adjusting bolt on each side of the swingarm in direction (b), and then push the rear wheel forward.

TIP

Using the alignment marks on each side of the swingarm, make sure that both drive chain pullers are in the same position for proper wheel alignment.



1. Axle nut
 2. Drive chain puller
 3. Drive chain slack adjusting bolt
 4. Locknut
 5. Alignment marks
3. Tighten the axle nut, then the locknuts to their specified torques.

Tightening torques:

Axle nut:
190 N·m (19 kgf·m, 137 lb·ft)
Locknut:
16 N·m (1.6 kgf·m, 12 lb·ft)

4. Make sure that the drive chain pullers are in the same position, the drive chain slack is correct, and the drive chain moves smoothly.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Cleaning and lubricating the drive chain

EAU23026

The drive chain must be cleaned and lubricated at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart, otherwise it will quickly wear out, especially when riding in dusty or wet areas. Service the drive chain as follows.

ECA10584

NOTICE

The drive chain must be lubricated after washing the motorcycle, riding in the rain or riding in wet areas.

1. Clean the drive chain with kerosene and a small soft brush.
NOTICE: To prevent damaging the O-rings, do not clean the drive chain with steam cleaners, high-pressure washers or inappropriate solvents.^[ECA11122]
2. Wipe the drive chain dry.
3. Thoroughly lubricate the drive chain with a special O-ring chain lubricant. **NOTICE: Do not use engine oil or any other lubricants for the drive chain, as they**

may contain substances that could damage the O-rings.^[ECA11112]

EAU23098

Checking and lubricating the cables

The operation of all control cables and the condition of the cables should be checked before each ride, and the cables and cable ends should be lubricated if necessary. If a cable is damaged or does not move smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or replace it. **WARNING! Damage to the outer housing of cables may result in internal rusting and cause interference with cable movement. Replace damaged cables as soon as possible to prevent unsafe conditions.**^[EWA10712]

Recommended lubricant:

Yamaha cable lubricant or other suitable cable lubricant

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU23115

Checking and lubricating the throttle grip and cable

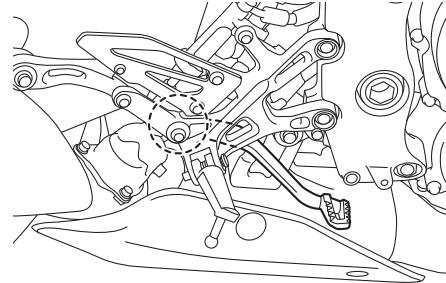
The operation of the throttle grip should be checked before each ride. In addition, the cable should be lubricated by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance chart. The throttle cable is equipped with a rubber cover. Make sure that the cover is securely installed. Even though the cover is installed correctly, it does not completely protect the cable from water entry. Therefore, use care not to pour water directly onto the cover or cable when washing the vehicle. If the cable or cover becomes dirty, wipe clean with a moist cloth.

EAU44276

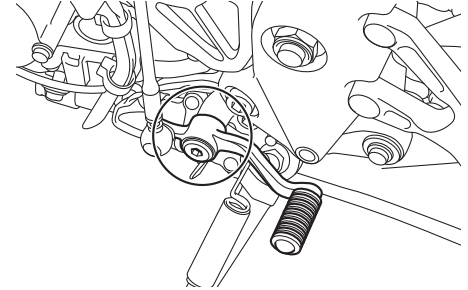
Checking and lubricating the brake and shift pedals

The operation of the brake and shift pedals should be checked before each ride, and the pedal pivots should be lubricated if necessary.

Brake pedal



Shift pedal



Recommended lubricant:
Lithium-soap-based grease

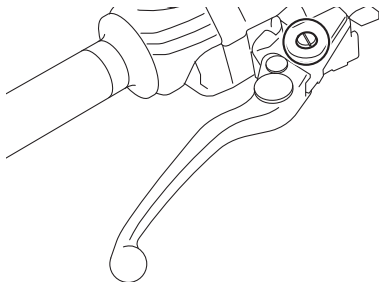
Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Checking and lubricating the brake and clutch levers

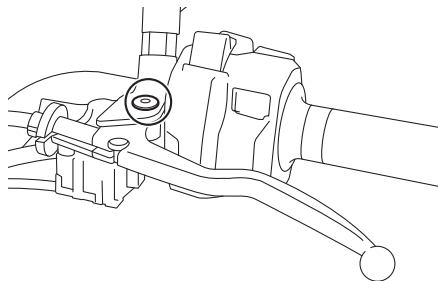
EAU23144

The operation of the brake and clutch levers should be checked before each ride, and the lever pivots should be lubricated if necessary.

Brake lever



Clutch lever

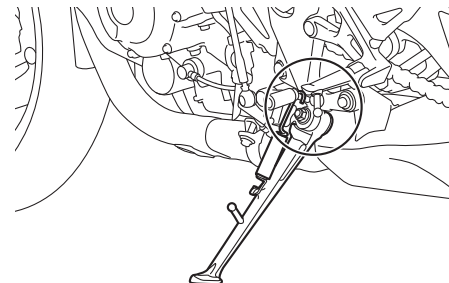


Recommended lubricants:

- Brake lever:
Silicone grease
- Clutch lever:
Lithium-soap-based grease

Checking and lubricating the sidestand

EAU23203



The operation of the sidestand should be checked before each ride, and the sidestand pivot and metal-to-metal contact surfaces should be lubricated if necessary.

EWA10732

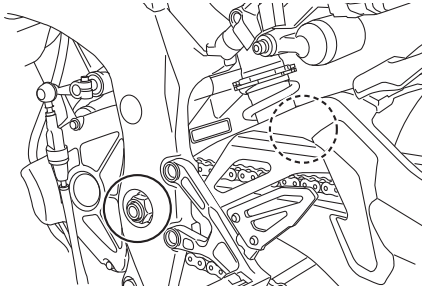
⚠ WARNING

If the sidestand does not move up and down smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair it. Otherwise, the sidestand could contact the ground and distract the operator, resulting in a possible loss of control.

- Recommended lubricant:
Lithium-soap-based grease

EAUM1653

Lubricating the swingarm pivots



The swingarm pivots must be lubricated by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Recommended lubricant:
Lithium-soap-based grease

EAU23273

Checking the front fork

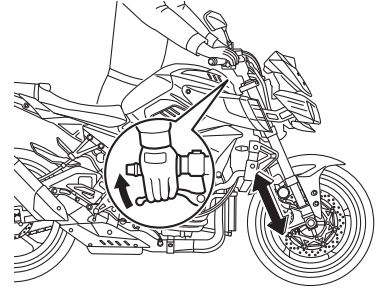
The condition and operation of the front fork must be checked as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

To check the condition

Check the inner tubes for scratches, damage and excessive oil leakage.

To check the operation

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position. **WARNING! To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over.**^[EWA10752]
2. While applying the front brake, push down hard on the handlebars several times to check if the front fork compresses and rebounds smoothly.



ECA10591

NOTICE

If any damage is found or the front fork does not operate smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair it.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU23285

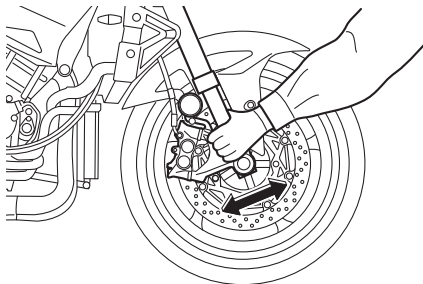
Checking the steering

Worn or loose steering bearings may cause danger. Therefore, the operation of the steering must be checked as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

1. Raise the front wheel off the ground. (See page 7-35.)

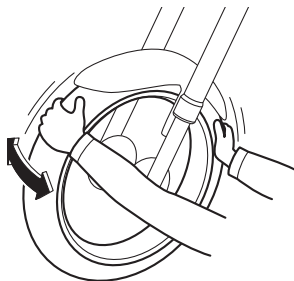
WARNING! To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over.^[EWA10752]

2. Hold the lower ends of the front fork legs and try to move them forward and backward. If any free play can be felt, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair the steering.



EAU23292

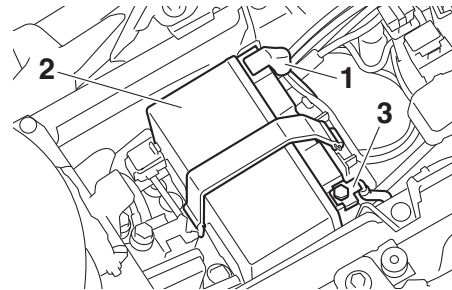
Checking the wheel bearings



The front and rear wheel bearings must be checked at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. If there is play in the wheel hub or if the wheel does not turn smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check the wheel bearings.

EAU50292

Battery



1. Positive battery lead (red)
2. Battery
3. Negative battery lead (black)

The battery is located under the seat. (See page 4-33.)

This model is equipped with a VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) battery. There is no need to check the electrolyte or to add distilled water. However, the battery lead connections need to be checked and, if necessary, tightened.

EWA10761

WARNING

- **Electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous since it contains sulfuric acid, which causes severe burns. Avoid any contact with**

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

skin, eyes or clothing and always shield your eyes when working near batteries. In case of contact, administer the following FIRST AID.

- **EXTERNAL:** Flush with plenty of water.
- **INTERNAL:** Drink large quantities of water or milk and immediately call a physician.
- **EYES:** Flush with water for 15 minutes and seek prompt medical attention.
- Batteries produce explosive hydrogen gas. Therefore, keep sparks, flames, cigarettes, etc., away from the battery and provide sufficient ventilation when charging it in an enclosed space.
- **KEEP THIS AND ALL BATTERIES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.**

To charge the battery

Have a Yamaha dealer charge the battery as soon as possible if it seems to have discharged. Keep in mind that the

battery tends to discharge more quickly if the vehicle is equipped with optional electrical accessories.

ECA16522

NOTICE

To charge a VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) battery, a special (constant-voltage) battery charger is required. Using a conventional battery charger will damage the battery.

To store the battery

1. If the vehicle will not be used for more than one month, remove the battery, fully charge it, and then place it in a cool, dry place.
NOTICE: When removing the battery, be sure to turn the main switch off, then disconnect the negative lead before disconnecting the positive lead.^[ECA16304]
2. If the battery will be stored for more than two months, check it at least once a month and fully charge it if necessary.
3. Fully charge the battery before installation. **NOTICE:** When installing the battery, be sure to turn

the main switch off, then connect the positive lead before connecting the negative lead.^[ECA16842]

4. After installation, make sure that the battery leads are properly connected to the battery terminals.

ECA16531

NOTICE

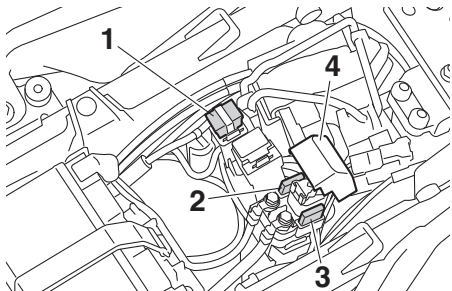
Always keep the battery charged. Storing a discharged battery can cause permanent battery damage.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU73993

Replacing the fuses

The main fuse and ABS motor fuse are located under the seat. (See page 4-33.)

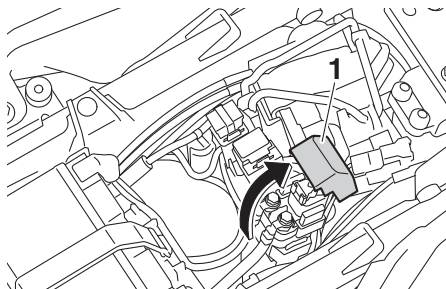


7

1. Main fuse
2. ABS motor fuse
3. ABS motor spare fuse
4. Starter relay cover

To access the ABS motor fuse

1. Remove the seat.
2. Remove the starter relay cover by pulling it upward.

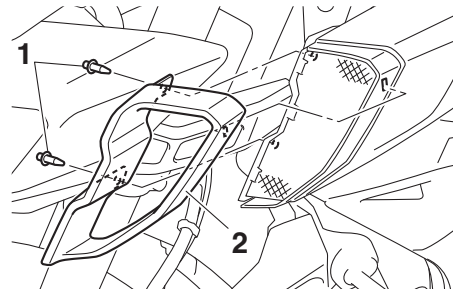


1. Starter relay cover

The fuse boxes, which contain the fuses for the individual circuits, are located behind the left side panels.

To access fuse boxes, remove and install the left side panel A and B as follows.

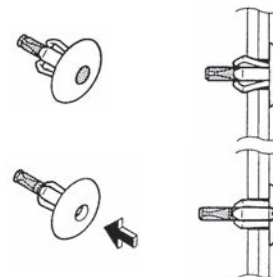
1. Remove the quick fasteners, and then remove the left side panel A off.



1. Quick fastener
2. Left side panel A

TIP

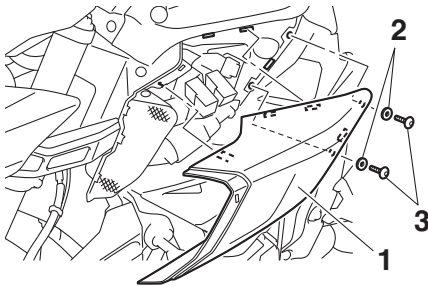
The quick fasteners are removed by pushing in the center pin and then pulling the fastener out.



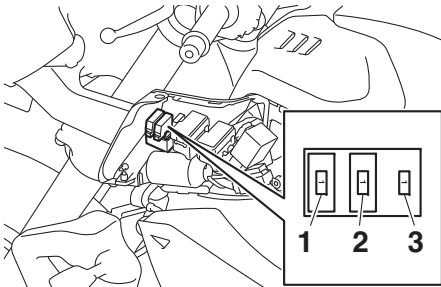
2. Remove the bolts and washers, and then remove the left side pan-

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

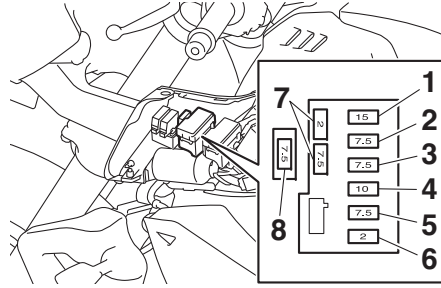
el B off.



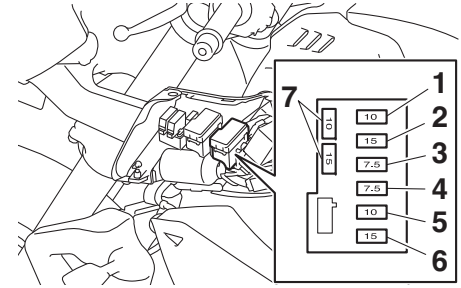
1. Left side panel B
2. Washer
3. Bolt



1. Brake light fuse
2. Cruise control fuse
3. Spare fuse



1. Ignition fuse
2. Signaling system fuse
3. ABS ECU fuse
4. Headlight fuse
5. Hazard fuse
6. Terminal fuse 1 (for auxiliary DC jack)
7. Spare fuse
8. SCU fuse

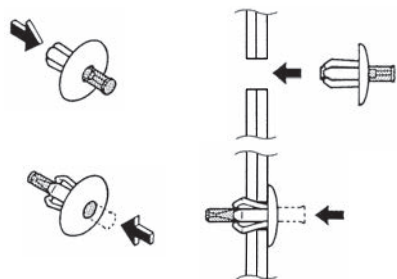


1. ABS solenoid fuse
 2. Fuel injection system fuse
 3. Electronic throttle valve fuse
 4. Backup fuse
 5. Sub radiator fan motor fuse
 6. Radiator fan motor fuse
 7. Spare fuse
3. Place the panels in the original position.
4. Install the washers, bolts and quick fasteners.

TIP

The quick fasteners are installed by pushing out the center pin, inserting the fastener into the panel, and then by pushing the center pin flush with the fastener head.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment



If a fuse is blown, replace it as follows.

1. Turn the key to “OFF” and turn off the electrical circuit in question.
2. Remove the blown fuse, and then install a new fuse of the specified amperage. **WARNING! Do not use a fuse of a higher amperage rating than recommended to avoid causing extensive damage to the electrical system and possibly a fire.**^[EWA15132]

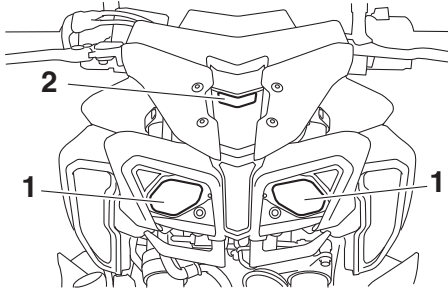
Specified fuses:

Main fuse:	50.0 A
Terminal fuse 1:	2.0 A
Headlight fuse:	10.0 A
Signaling system fuse:	7.5 A
Ignition fuse:	15.0 A
Radiator fan motor fuse:	15.0 A
Sub radiator fan motor fuse:	10.0 A
ABS motor fuse:	30.0 A
Hazard fuse:	7.5 A
ABS ECU fuse:	7.5 A
ABS solenoid fuse:	10.0 A
SCU fuse:	7.5 A
Fuel injection system fuse:	15.0 A
Backup fuse:	7.5 A
Electronic throttle valve fuse:	7.5 A
Brake light fuse:	1.0 A
Cruise control fuse:	1.0 A

3. Turn the key to “ON” and turn on the electrical circuit in question to check if the device operates.
4. If the fuse immediately blows again, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical system.

EAU72980

Vehicle lights



1. Headlight
2. Auxiliary light

This model is equipped with full-LED lighting. There are no user replaceable bulbs.

If a light does not come on, check the fuses and then have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

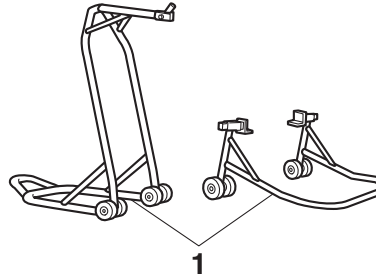
ECA16581

NOTICE

Do not affix any type of tinted film or stickers to the headlight lens.

EAU67131

Supporting the motorcycle



1. Maintenance stand (example)

Since this model is not equipped with a centerstand, use maintenance stands when removing the front or rear wheel or when performing other maintenance that requires the motorcycle to stand up right.

Check that the motorcycle is in a stable and level position before starting any maintenance.

EAU25872

Troubleshooting

Although Yamaha motorcycles receive a thorough inspection before shipment from the factory, trouble may occur during operation. Any problem in the fuel, compression, or ignition systems, for example, can cause poor starting and loss of power.

The following troubleshooting charts represent quick and easy procedures for checking these vital systems yourself. However, should your motorcycle require any repair, take it to a Yamaha dealer, whose skilled technicians have the necessary tools, experience, and know-how to service the motorcycle properly.

Use only genuine Yamaha replacement parts. Imitation parts may look like Yamaha parts, but they are often inferior, have a shorter service life and can lead to expensive repair bills.

EWA15142

⚠ WARNING

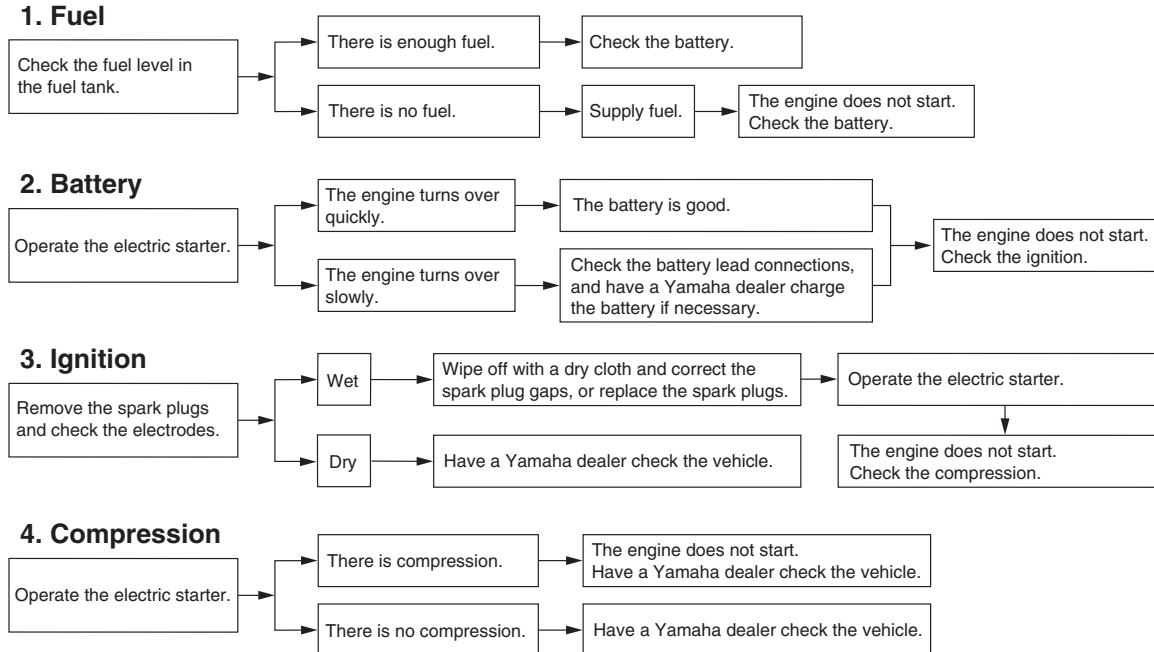
When checking the fuel system, do not smoke, and make sure there are no open flames or sparks in the area, including pilot lights from water

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

heaters or furnaces. Gasoline or gasoline vapors can ignite or explode, causing severe injury or property damage.

Troubleshooting charts

Starting problems or poor engine performance



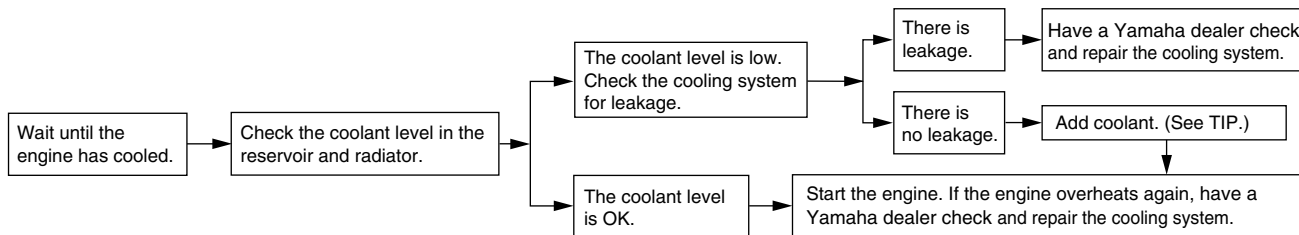
Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Engine overheating

EWAT1041

WARNING

- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury. Be sure to wait until the engine has cooled.
 - Place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, and then slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent to allow any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning it counterclockwise, and then remove the cap.
-



TIP

If coolant is not available, tap water can be temporarily used instead, provided that it is changed to the recommended coolant as soon as possible.

Matte color caution

EAU37834

EAU79030

NOTICE

Some models are equipped with matte colored finished parts. Be sure to consult a Yamaha dealer for advice on what products to use before cleaning the vehicle. Using a brush, harsh chemical products or cleaning compounds when cleaning these parts will scratch or damage their surface. Wax also should not be applied to any matte colored finished parts.

ECA15193

Care

While the open design of a motorcycle reveals the attractiveness of the technology, it also makes it more vulnerable. Rust and corrosion can develop even if high-quality components are used. A rusty exhaust pipe may go unnoticed on a car, however, it detracts from the overall appearance of a motorcycle. Frequent and proper care does not only comply with the terms of the warranty, but it will also keep your motorcycle looking good, extend its life and optimize its performance.

Before cleaning

1. Cover the muffler outlet with a plastic bag after the engine has cooled down.
2. Make sure that all caps and covers as well as all electrical couplers and connectors, including the spark plug caps, are tightly installed.
3. Remove extremely stubborn dirt, like oil burnt onto the crankcase, with a degreasing agent and a brush, but never apply such prod-

ucts onto seals, gaskets, sprockets, the drive chain and wheel axles. Always rinse the dirt and degreaser off with water.

Cleaning

ECA24070

NOTICE

- **Avoid using strong acidic wheel cleaners or engine degreasers. If such products are used on hard-to-remove dirt, do not leave the cleaner on the affected area any longer than instructed. Also, thoroughly rinse the area off with water, immediately dry it, and then apply a corrosion protection spray.**
- **Improper cleaning can damage such parts as cowlings and panels, the instrument panel and display, wheels, headlight lenses, plastic or carbon fiber parts, etc., and the mufflers. Use only a soft, clean cloth or sponge to clean such parts. However, if such parts cannot be thoroughly cleaned, water and diluted mild detergent may be used. Be**

Motorcycle care and storage

sure to rinse off any detergent residue using plenty of water, as it is harmful to plastic parts.

- Do not use any harsh chemical products on plastic parts or the muffler. Be sure to avoid using cloths or sponges which have been in contact with strong or abrasive cleaning products, solvent or thinner, fuel (gasoline), rust removers or inhibitors, brake fluid, antifreeze or electrolyte.
- Do not use high-pressure washers or steam-jet cleaners since they cause water seepage and deterioration in the following areas: seals (of wheel and swing-arm bearings, fork and brakes), storage compartments, electric components (couplers, connectors, instruments, switches and lights), breather hoses and vents.

After normal use

Remove dirt with warm water, a mild detergent, and a soft, clean sponge,

and then rinse thoroughly with clean water. Use a toothbrush or bottlebrush for hard-to-reach areas. Stubborn dirt and insects will come off more easily if the area is covered with a wet cloth for a few minutes before cleaning.

After riding in the rain, near the sea or on salt-sprayed roads

Since sea salt or salt sprayed on roads during winter are extremely corrosive in combination with water, carry out the following steps after each ride in the rain, near the sea or on salt-sprayed roads.

TIP

Salt sprayed on roads in the winter may remain well into spring.

1. Clean the motorcycle with cold water and a mild detergent, after the engine has cooled down.

NOTICE: Do not use warm water since it increases the corrosive action of the salt.^[ECA10792]

2. After drying the motorcycle, apply a corrosion protection spray on all metal, including chrome- and nickel-plated, surfaces (except the titanium muffler) to prevent corrosion.

nium muffler) to prevent corrosion.

Cleaning the titanium muffler

This model is equipped with a titanium muffler, which requires the following special care.

- Use only a soft, clean cloth or sponge with mild detergent and water to clean the titanium muffler. However, if the muffler cannot be thoroughly cleaned with mild detergent, alkaline products and a soft brush may be used.
- Never use compounds or other special treatments to clean the titanium muffler, as they will remove the finish on the outer surface of the muffler.
- Even the smallest amounts of oil, such as from oily towels or fingerprints, will leave stains on the titanium muffler, which can be removed with a mild detergent.
- Note that the thermally induced discoloring of the portion of the exhaust pipe leading into the titanium muffler is normal and cannot be removed.

After cleaning

1. Dry the motorcycle with a chamois or an absorbing cloth.
2. Immediately dry the drive chain and lubricate it to prevent it from rusting.
3. Use a chrome polish to shine chrome, aluminum and stainless-steel parts.
4. To prevent corrosion, it is recommended to apply a corrosion protection spray on all metal, including chrome- and nickel-plated, surfaces.
5. Use spray oil as a universal cleaner to remove any remaining dirt.
6. Touch up minor paint damage caused by stones, etc.
7. Wax all painted surfaces.
8. Let the motorcycle dry completely before storing or covering it.

EWA11132



WARNING

Contaminants on the brakes or tires can cause loss of control.

- **Make sure that there is no oil or wax on the brakes or tires.**
- **If necessary, clean the brake discs and brake linings with a**

regular brake disc cleaner or acetone, and wash the tires with warm water and a mild detergent. Before riding at higher speeds, test the motorcycle's braking performance and cornering behavior.

lens.

ECA10801

NOTICE

- **Apply spray oil and wax sparingly and make sure to wipe off any excess.**
- **Never apply oil or wax to any rubber and plastic parts, but treat them with a suitable care product.**
- **Avoid using abrasive polishing compounds as they will wear away the paint.**

TIP

- Consult a Yamaha dealer for advice on what products to use.
- Washing, rainy weather or humid climates can cause the headlight lens to fog. Turning the headlight on for a short period of time will help remove the moisture from the

Motorcycle care and storage

Storage

EAU26183

Short-term

Always store your motorcycle in a cool, dry place and, if necessary, protect it against dust with a porous cover. Be sure the engine and the exhaust system are cool before covering the motorcycle.

ECA10811

NOTICE

- **Storing the motorcycle in a poorly ventilated room or covering it with a tarp, while it is still wet, will allow water and humidity to seep in and cause rust.**
- **To prevent corrosion, avoid damp cellars, stables (because of the presence of ammonia) and areas where strong chemicals are stored.**

Long-term

Before storing your motorcycle for several months:

1. Follow all the instructions in the “Care” section of this chapter.

2. Fill up the fuel tank and add fuel stabilizer (if available) to prevent the fuel tank from rusting and the fuel from deteriorating.
3. Perform the following steps to protect the cylinders, piston rings, etc. from corrosion.
 - a. Remove the spark plug caps and spark plugs.
 - b. Pour a teaspoonful of engine oil into each spark plug bore.
 - c. Install the spark plug caps onto the spark plugs, and then place the spark plugs on the cylinder head so that the electrodes are grounded. (This will limit sparking during the next step.)
 - d. Turn the engine over several times with the starter. (This will coat the cylinder walls with oil.)
WARNING! To prevent damage or injury from sparking, make sure to ground the spark plug electrodes while turning the engine over.^[EWA10952]

- e. Remove the spark plug caps from the spark plugs, and then install the spark plugs and the

spark plug caps.

4. Lubricate all control cables and the pivoting points of all levers and pedals as well as of the sidestand/centerstand.
5. Check and, if necessary, correct the tire air pressure, and then lift the motorcycle so that both of its wheels are off the ground. Alternatively, turn the wheels a little every month in order to prevent the tires from becoming degraded in one spot.
6. Cover the muffler outlet with a plastic bag to prevent moisture from entering it.
7. Remove the battery and fully charge it. Store it in a cool, dry place and charge it once a month. Do not store the battery in an excessively cold or warm place [less than 0 °C (30 °F) or more than 30 °C (90 °F)]. For more information on storing the battery, see page 7-30.

TIP

Make any necessary repairs before storing the motorcycle.

Dimensions:

Overall length:
2095 mm (82.5 in)
Overall width:
800 mm (31.5 in)
Overall height:
1110 mm (43.7 in)
Seat height:
825 mm (32.5 in)
Wheelbase:
1400 mm (55.1 in)
Ground clearance:
130 mm (5.12 in)
Minimum turning radius:
3.3 m (10.83 ft)

Weight:

Curb weight:
212 kg (467 lb)

Engine:

Combustion cycle:
4-stroke
Cooling system:
Liquid cooled
Valve train:
DOHC
Cylinder arrangement:
Inline
Number of cylinders:
4-cylinder
Displacement:
998 cm³
Bore × stroke:
79.0 × 50.9 mm (3.11 × 2.00 in)

Compression ratio:

12.0 : 1

Starting system:

Electric starter

Lubrication system:

Wet sump

Engine oil:

Recommended brand:

YAMALUBE

Type:

Full synthetic

SAE viscosity grades:

10W-40

Recommended engine oil grade:

API service SG type or higher, JASO standard MA

Engine oil quantity:

Oil change:
3.90 L (4.12 US qt, 3.43 Imp.qt)

With oil filter removal:

4.10 L (4.33 US qt, 3.61 Imp.qt)

Coolant quantity:

Coolant reservoir (up to the maximum level mark):

0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)

Radiator (including all routes):

2.25 L (2.38 US qt, 1.98 Imp.qt)

Air filter:

Air filter element:

Oil-coated paper element

Fuel:

Recommended fuel:

Premium unleaded gasoline (Gasohol [E10] acceptable)

Fuel tank capacity:

17 L (4.5 US gal, 3.7 Imp.gal)

Fuel reserve amount:

4.0 L (1.06 US gal, 0.88 Imp.gal)

Fuel injection:

Throttle body:

ID mark:

B671 00

Spark plug(s):

Manufacturer/model:

NGK/LMAR9E-J

Spark plug gap:

0.6–0.7 mm (0.024–0.028 in)

Clutch:

Clutch type:

Wet, multiple-disc

Drivetrain:

Primary reduction ratio:

1.634 (67/41)

Final drive:

Chain

Secondary reduction ratio:

2.688 (43/16)

Transmission type:

Constant mesh 6-speed

Gear ratio:

1st:

2.600 (39/15)

2nd:

2.176 (37/17)

3rd:

1.842 (35/19)

4th:

1.579 (30/19)

Specifications

5th:
1.381 (29/21)
6th:
1.250 (30/24)

Chassis:

Frame type:
Diamond
Caster angle:
24.0 °
Trail:
102 mm (4.0 in)

Front tire:

Type:
Tubeless
Size:
120/70ZR17M/C(58W)
Manufacturer/model:
BRIDGESTONE/BATTLAX HYPERS-
PORT S20F

Rear tire:

Type:
Tubeless
Size:
190/55ZR17M/C(75W)
Manufacturer/model:
BRIDGESTONE/BATTLAX HYPERS-
PORT S20R

Loading:

Maximum load:
170 kg (375 lb)
* (Total weight of rider, passenger, cargo
and accessories)

Tire air pressure (measured on cold tires):

Front:
250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)
Rear:
290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

Front wheel:

Wheel type:
Cast wheel
Rim size:
17M/C x MT3.50

Rear wheel:

Wheel type:
Cast wheel
Rim size:
17M/C x MT6.00

Front brake:

Type:
Hydraulic dual disc brake
Specified brake fluid:
DOT 4

Rear brake:

Type:
Hydraulic single disc brake
Specified brake fluid:
DOT 4

Front suspension:

Type:
Telescopic fork
Spring:
Coil spring
Shock absorber:
Hydraulic damper

Wheel travel:
120 mm (4.7 in)

Rear suspension:

Type:
Swingarm (link suspension)
Spring:
Coil spring
Shock absorber:
Gas-hydraulic damper
Wheel travel:
120 mm (4.7 in)

Electrical system:

System voltage:
12 V
Ignition system:
TCI
Charging system:
AC magneto

Battery:

Model:
YTZ10S
Voltage, capacity:
12 V, 8.6 Ah (10 HR)

Bulb wattage:

Headlight:
LED
Brake/tail light:
LED
Front turn signal light:
LED
Rear turn signal light:
LED
Auxiliary light:
LED

License plate light: LED	Terminal fuse 1: 2.0 A
Meter lighting: LED	Headlight fuse: 10.0 A
Neutral indicator light: LED	Brake light fuse: 1.0 A
High beam indicator light: LED	Signaling system fuse: 7.5 A
Turn signal indicator light: LED	Ignition fuse: 15.0 A
Oil pressure and coolant temperature warning light: LED	Radiator fan motor fuse: 15.0 A
Engine trouble warning light: LED	Sub radiator fan motor fuse: 10.0 A
Steering damper and suspension warning light: LED	Hazard fuse: 7.5 A
ABS warning light: LED	ABS ECU fuse: 7.5 A
Cruise control "SET" indicator light: LED	Fuel injection system fuse: 15.0 A
Cruise control "ON" indicator light: LED	SCU fuse: 7.5 A
Immobilizer system indicator light: LED	ABS motor fuse: 30.0 A
Shift timing indicator light: LED	ABS solenoid fuse: 10.0 A
Traction control system indicator/warning light: LED	Cruise control fuse: 1.0 A
Fuse(s):	Backup fuse: 7.5 A
Main fuse: 50.0 A	Electronic throttle valve fuse: 7.5 A

Consumer information

EAU53562

Identification numbers

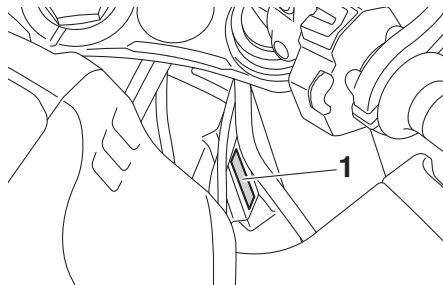
Record the vehicle identification number, engine serial number, and the model label information in the spaces provided below. These identification numbers are needed when registering the vehicle with the authorities in your area and when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer.

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER:

MODEL LABEL INFORMATION:

Vehicle identification number



1. Vehicle identification number

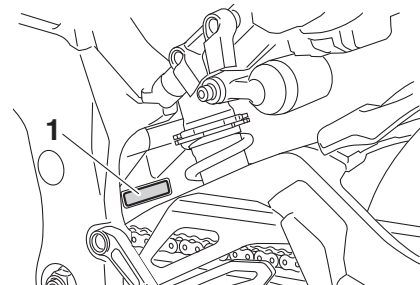
The vehicle identification number is stamped into the steering head pipe. Record this number in the space provided.

TIP _____

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your area.

EAU26401

Engine serial number



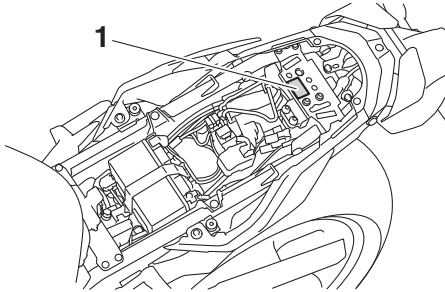
1. Engine serial number

The engine serial number is stamped into the crankcase.

EAU26442

Model label

EAU26481

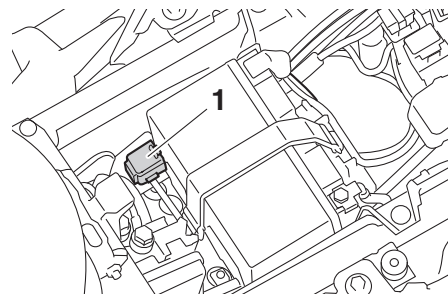


1. Model label

The model label is affixed to the frame under the seat. (See page 4-33.) Record the information on this label in the space provided. This information will be needed when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer.

Diagnostic connector

EAU69910



1. Diagnostic connector

The diagnostic connector is located as shown.

Vehicle data recording

EAU74701

This model's ECU stores certain vehicle data to assist in the diagnosis of malfunctions and for research and development purposes. This data will be uploaded only when a special Yamaha diagnostic tool is attached to the vehicle, such as when maintenance checks or service procedures are performed.

Although the sensors and recorded data will vary by model, the main data points are:

- Vehicle status and engine performance data
- Fuel-injection and emission-related data

Yamaha will not disclose this data to a third party except:

- With the consent of the vehicle owner
- Where obligated by law
- For use by Yamaha in litigation
- For general Yamaha-conducted research purposes when the data is not related to an individual vehicle nor owner

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